

SmartPTT PLUS

Radioserver Configurator User Guide

Version 8.7



June, 2015

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1 Introduction

SmartPTT is a software package designed to manage dispatch communication between linear-extended and geographically-distributed objects where it is necessary to facilitate voice and data transmission between remote control stations of the radio network.

SmartPTT implements all benefits of the MOTOTRBO digital platform.

SmartPTT architecture manages subscriber networks of any size and topology, using both digital functions of MOTOTRBO radio stations and analog mode to facilitate a gradual upgrade to the new radio communication standard. It is also possible to use a "mixed" mode when some sites operate in the analog mode and others in the digital mode.

SmartPTT architecture consists of three segments:

- Management segment (dispatcher network administrators)
- Base segment, including radioservers connected to stationary radios (mobile MOTOTRBO stations as control stations) and repeaters.
- User segment or subscribers (mobile and portable radios)

The management segment implements control and monitoring functions – data management (telemetry, telemechanics), human resources management and industrial process control – via access to the base segment. The dispatcher has either full or partial access to the system radioserver, that is software installed on PCs. SmartPTT software enables various MOTOTRBO platform functions, which form the basis of the system. Radioservers are linked to fixed stations, which are control stations for the system , and repeaters. All repeaters are interconnected via IP network and enable subscriber roaming and formation of a common, geographically

radioserver and dispatcher seats is unlimited.

The radioserver database stores radio station pool data. When the MOTOTRBO subscriber digital radio station enters the SmartPTT network coverage zone, it sends a request to the radioserver and, in the event of successful authentication, it is registered automatically.

distributed communication network. Communication zones can be both adjacent and separated. The number of



Dispatch control over NAI Voice network

5



Using SmartPTT dispatchers can easily perform their daily functions, i.e., organize radio communication, monitor subscribers and communicate data to subscribers. As for radio subscribers, they can take advantage of all the features of MOTOTRBO radios. The number of subscribers per radioserver is unlimited.

2 SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator

2.1 Radioserver

To set up the radioserver, click **Radioserver** in the left list of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, the settings window will display on the right.

Settings	
⊟ <mark>Radio Server</mark>	Radio Server
	Name
Control Stations	Radioserver
Connect Plus	Interface Dat
Radio Activity Networks	
SmartPTT Radioservers	132.168.0.224
- Rofiles	Authentication
Subscriber Groups	No
teradata	
	VolP Listen Port
	10000
	Block Options Kill Radio 👻
	Redundant Server Settings
	Server Role Primary
	rinary
	Primary Server Address (server)
	Connection Timeout, sec 60
	Limit Radios to Service
	Enabled Example: 1-99,150
	Allowed Radio Numbers
	Lucia Esti
	Language <u>Englisn</u>
Service: Running	Developer 8.7.0.17301
	44

Name – radioserver alias. You cannot type more than 20 characters into this field.

Interface and **Port** – radioserver IP address, i.e. the IP address of the PC where the radioserver is installed. Default port is 8888.

<u>Note:</u> If the specified port is occupied, you will see a warning icon **(**) next to the input field. Hover the mouse over the icon to see where the port is being used.

Authentication – authentication parameters required for connection to the radioserver.

No – anonymous authentication.

Windows – Windows authentication. To connect, the dispatcher must use the user name and password of the account where the radioserver service was started.

VoIP Listen Port – number of a UDP port for receiving voice data from the dispatcher.

Block Options – allows selecting the way how to block a radio. When *Kill Radio* is applied, radioserver sends *Kill Radio* command to block the radio. The *Deny Channel* option denies the subscriber radio to work on the given channel.

<u>Note:</u> The *Deny Channel* option is applicable only to IP Site Connect (direct IP connection) or NAI based configurations.

<u>Note:</u> When the **Block Radio** command is sent from one radio unit to another, the radio will be blocked, even if *Deny Channel* is selected.

Language – allows selecting languages of the user interface of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator application.

You can save changes made by clicking **Save** I like the save will be restored. To exit SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, click **Close**





The radioserver is implemented as Windows service SmartPTT Radio Service. To enable saved changes you must

restart the service. Service is managed using the following buttons: Start, Stop and Restart

How to Set up the Redundant Server

The redundant server can be useful in case of the primary server breakdown. Switching between the servers is made automatically.

To set up the redundant server correctly follow the steps enumerated below:

1. Take two radioservers and define their roles: **Redundant** or **Primary**. In the settings of the redundant server enter the IP address of the primary radioserver. A primary server can be backed up only with one redundant server.

2. Fill in the fields Primary Server Address (host:port) and Connection Timeout.

Connection Timeout, sec – time interval that starts ticking as soon as the primary server is down. If the primary server has not recovered within the specified time interval, the redundant server takes over. The least possible value is 20 seconds.

<u>Note:</u> The **Primary Server Address (host:port)** and **Connection Timeout** fields are unavailable if the role of the server is set to **Primary**.

- 3. Make sure that both radioservers are up and running.
- 4. Add both radioservers into the dispatch console (Settings > Radioservers). Make them both active.
- 5. Check that you can see both radioservers online in the Radio Fleet panel.

How to Limit the Number of Radios

The **Limit Radios to Service** area was designed to manage the number of radios allowed in the network. Here the user can specify which radios are to be controlled by the system and which are not.

To make this functionality active select **Enabled**. Then, in the **Allowed Radio Numbers** field, enter ID's of the radios which are to be controlled by the system.

Warning! All the radios whose ID's were not specified will be ignored by SmartPTT system.

2.1.1 Licenses

To use the SmartPTT application you need to install licenses. There are licenses for basic features, which allow you to run the application, and licenses for additional features, like telephone connection support, bridging, SNMP service, etc.

To install server licenses, select **Licenses** section in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window opens.

Click Change License – the browse window is displayed. Specify location of the license file and click Open.



The Licenses window appears, which displays information on the license type and functionality. Click Change

License to install the license.

The license is installed, and the window displays information on the license type.

Available Licenses			
SmartPTT Plus Demo (e	expires on 9/15	(/2014)	
Update Subscription Expiration Date:	7/1	8/2015	
License Key ID:	FF	B125FF	
License	Amount	Date	•
Telephone Interconnect Service	1	9/15/2014	
Radioserver Recording	1	9/15/2014	=
Additional Dispatchers	2	9/15/2014	
Radio Network Bridging Service	1	9/15/2014	
NAI Voice for IP Site Connect	2	9/15/2014	
NAI Voice for Capacity Plus	2	9/15/2014	
NAI Voice for Linked Capacity Plus	2	9/15/2014	
			*

License – title of the license.

Quantity – allowed number of computers where the service can be installed or the number of repeater connections.

Date - license expiration date.

Licenses can be tied to the hardware ID. You can generate it in the Activation area by clicking Collect.

Activation Hardware ID		
Collect	Сору	

When the subscription expiration date is getting close, the system notifies the user about it.

2.1.2 Services

2.1.2.1 ARS

ARS or registration service provides information on the availability of radio subscribers in the radio network.

To set up the registration service parameters, click **ARS** in the list in the left area of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, a new window appears on the right.

E- Madio Server	ARS			
	Active			
GPS TMS	Radio Inactivity Timeout s	600		
		000		
Subscriber Blacklist	Global Minimum Request Interval, ms	1000		
—	Use Radio Check			

To enable the service select the Active check box.

Radio Inactivity Timeout, s – time period, after which the radio that did not display any activity becomes potentially absent. In this case the system includes this radio into a special presence check process.

Note: Radio activity includes the following events: GPS location, telemetry signal, text message or voice call.

Generally, a radio can be sent 5 presence check requests successively with a 30-second interval. This parameter is called Individual Minimum Check Interval and equals 30s; it can't be changed in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. This parameter sets the interval between presence check requests sent to one radio. Therefore, it can be increased depending on the number of radios to check. If the radio does not respond to the presence check requests and does not display any activity, it will acquire the Offline status after the 5th unsuccessful

presence check request.

Global Minimum Request Interval, ms – sets the minimum interval between presence check requests sent to all inactive radios in all networks. Instead of sending presence check requests to all inactive radios at one time, the system puts them on a queue and sends one presence check request to one radio at a time with the interval set in the **Global Minimum Request Interval** field. This method allows us to eliminate the risk of sending too many presence check requests at one time, thus removing traffic overload on the channel and spreading network load evenly.

Example

There are three radios active till 10:00:00 and 10:00:02 (see pic. below). Then, for the following 600s they do not display any activity. So, the radio activity timeout for Radios 1 and 2 runs out at 10:10:00 and for Radio 3 at 10:10:02. When it happens, the system creates a pool of inactive radios. The system puts the radios on a queue and starts sending presence check requests with the interval set in the **Global Minimum Request Interval** field. Radio 2 responds to the presence check request and is no longer regarded as potentially offline. Radios 1 and 3 do not respond to the presence check request and do not display any activity, so the system sends another request in 30s to each radio. After the 5th presence check request, the radios get the Offline status.



Use Radio Check – this setting defines the mechanism used for checking radio subscriber presence in the network. If selected, the system uses the command Radio Check. This option was implemented for radios that do

not support ARS.

2.1.2.2 GPS

GPS or location service provides coordinates of radio subscribers with a GPS receiver so you can determine their current location.

To set up location service parameters, click **GPS** in the list in the left area of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, the following window opens.



If necessary, location service can be unavailable. To do this, clear the Active check box.

Minimum Request Interval, s – the minimum interval between GPS requests sent to the radios within one network. The requests can be sent automatically or initiated by the dispatcher. This method allows us to eliminate the risk of sending too many GPS requests at one time, thus removing traffic overload on the channel and spreading network load evenly.

Radio Inactivity Timeout, s - time period, after which the radio that did not send GPS becomes potentially

absent. In this case the radio receives a location update request.

system includes this radio into a special presence check process.

The list **Get Subscriber Location for Following Groups** allows you to specify location update time interval per subscriber group added in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator under **Subscriber Groups**.

If Allow Dispatchers to Amend Location Update Time Interval is selected, dispatchers can reduce the location update time interval configured in the table above. However, if the time interval specified by the dispatcher is less than Minimum location update interval, the new value set by the dispatcher will be ignored, and subscriber location will be updated within Minimum location update interval. If Allow Dispatchers to Amend Location Update Time Interval is not selected, dispatchers won't be able to change the time interval for location update, and location will be updated within the time interval set in the table per each group.

Warning! If "Allow Dispatchers to Amend Location Update Time Interval" is not selected and there are no subscriber groups in the table, the dispatcher won't receive any subscriber location data.

2.1.2.3 TMS

TMS or text messaging service is used to exchange text messages between radio subscribers and SmartPTT Dispatcher. To set up the messaging service parameters, click **TMS** in the setting tree of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, a window opens. To enable the messaging service, select the **Active** check box.



2.1.2.4 Telemetry

The telemetry service is used for transmission and processing of telemetry signals between SmartPTT Dispatcher and radio subscribers. To set up the telemetry service parameters, click **Telemetry** in the list in the left area of the SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, the following window is displayed on the right. To enable the telemetry service, select the **Active** check box.

Radio Server	Telemetry Service
	Active
GPS	
Telemetry	

2.1.2.5 Subscriber Blacklist

Subscriber blacklist allows managing the number of available radio subscribers and operators in the network.

To create a blacklist, first it is necessary to create subscriber groups. We will need these to form a blacklist.

To add a subscriber group, click **Subscriber Groups** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At

that, the **Subscriber Groups** window opens on the right.

Radio Server	Subscriber Groups				
Add-on Modules Control Stations	Sample List of Subscribers for Group: 1,5,10-20				
Radio Activity Networks	Add Remove				
Smart PTT Badioservers	Group Name	Subscribers			
Reofiles	Group 1	12-22,47-59			
	Drivers	122-132			
	Opertors	100-107			

Group Name – any name of a subscriber group.

Subscribers – the list of radio IDs that are to be included in the created group.

To configure blacklist parameters, click **Subscriber Blacklist** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window opens.

E	Subscriber Blacklist				
ARS	Active				
	Action for Selected Groups				
····· · Subscriber Blacklist ⊕··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Apply to Subscriber Groups				
iiiii 🦻 File Receive	Group Name	Active			
Control Stations	Group 1				
Connect Plus	Drivers				
	Opertors				
SmartPTT Radioservers Profiles Subscriber Groups MultiGroups Hetadata	Blocking Retry Interval, sec Blocking Retries	60 (m) 10 (m)			

Enable subscriber blacklist service by ticking off the **Active** check box.

Note: **Subscriber Blacklist** allows not only blocking certain radios, but also creating the so-called "whitelist" of radios that are allowed in the radio network. In the latter case all other radios, that is not included in the whitelist, will be blocked.

To block certain groups of subscribers, choose **Deny** and select groups that are not permitted to communicate in MOTOTRBO network.

To allow certain groups of subscribers to communicate in MOTOTRBO network, that is to create a whitelist, select **Allow** and mark those groups that will be available in radio network when all other radios are blocked.

Blocking Retry Interval, sec – sets a minimum time period for sending a command to block the radio added in the blacklist.

Blocking Retries – number of retries to send the Block command to the radio before confirmation comes.

To save changes, click **Save** and then restart SmartPTT Radioserver

If a radio is in the blacklist and MOTORBO control station is used (MOTOTRBO control station, Capacity Plus system), then the radio will be completely unavailable. When the radio is unavailable, some actions are still available: **Monitoring**, **Radio Check** and **Radio Unblocking**. The dispatcher can remove the block from the radio by sending the "Unblock" command. To enable the radio without dispatcher's help, just read the codeplug of the radio in MOTOTRBO Customer Programming Software (called MOTOTRBO CPS) and then write the settings to the codeplug.

To be able to process the Radio Disable command, the radio must have the **Radio Disable Decode** parameter selected in the codeplug. You can find it in MOTOTRBO CPS, in the **Signaling Systems** section. If **Radio Disable Decode** is not selected, the radio can't be blocked even if it is in the blacklist.

When direct IP connection is used (for example, IP Site Connect) in MOTOTRBO network, radio blocking allows to block the channel only. At that, "Channel Denied" is displayed on the radio screen. The radio can change the channel and resume its operation. To enable the blocked channel, the dispatcher should send the "Unblock" command to the radio. To enable the radio without dispatcher's help, delete the blocked channel and create the channel equal to the deleted one.

2.1.2.6 Email Gateway

Email gateway provides the ability to exchange digital messages between e-mail users and MOTOTRBO radio network subscribers. The following scheme displays how it is done.



To be able to exchange email messages between radio subscribers and email users you need:

- 1. Create and configure email account.
- 2. Configure the radioserver.

Create and Configure Email Account

First of all, create your email account, if you do not have one. This section describes how to do it as well as how to configure it properly.

- 1. Create your email account. You can use your corporate email server or any other server. In this example we are using *gmail.com*.
- 2. In the settings of the newly created email account specify all the necessary parameters.
- 3. In the settings of the email account in the Forwarding and POP/IMAP tab select the following items:
 - 1) Enable POP for all email (even mail that has already been downloaded).
 - 2) Enable IMAP.
 - 3) Save changes.

General Labels Inbox	Accounts and Impor	Filters	Forwardin	g and POP/IMA	P Chat	Web Clips	Labs	Offline	Themes
POP Download: Learn more	1. Sta © Er © Er © Dia	able POP is able POP fo able POP fo able POP	enabled for r all mail (e r mail that a	r all mail that ha ven mail that's a arrives from no	s arrived sii Iready beei w on	nce 8/31/09 n downloaded))		
	2. Wh	en messag	es are acce	ssed with POP	keep Gm	ail's copy in th	ne Inbox	(*
	3. Co Config	figure you uration inst	r email clie uctions	nt (e.g. Outlook	, Eudora, N	etscape Mail)			
IMAP Access: (access Gmail from other clients using I Learn more	MAP) Statu	: IMAP is able IMAP able IMAP	lisabled						
(2 When	l mark a r	nessage in l	MAP as delete	d:				
		o-Expunge o-Expunge	off - Wait for	the client to upo	late the se	ver.			
	Wher Ar Mo Im	a messag hive the me ve the mes nediately d	e is marked ssage (defau sage to the T elete the mes	as deleted and ult) rash ssage forever	l expunge	d from the la	ast visibl	le IMAP f	older:
	Folde ⊙ Da ○ Lir	r Size Lim not limit th it IMAP fol	ts e number of r lers to conta	nessages in an in no more than	IMAP folde this many	r (default) messages 1,	.000 💌]	
(3 Confi	ure your o	mail client uctions	(e.g. Outlook, T	nunderbird,	iPhone)			
					🔶 Sav	e Changes	Cano	el 🛛	

- 4. If you have an email client (for example, Microsoft Outlook), for the outgoing messages you need the following settings:
 - 1) Use plain text as message format.
 - 2) Use Unicode (UTF-8) for outgoing images (with Base64 encoder).

Configure SmartPTT Radioserver Settings

The radioserver configuration includes the following steps:

- 1. Configure email gateway (activate email gateway, choose the direction of text message sending).
- 2. Setup POP3/IMAP4 protocols for sending text messages.

Email Gateway Configuration

Select Email Gateway in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Radio Server	E-mail Gateway			
Radio Network Services ARS GPS	Active			
GPS TMS Telemetry Subscriber Blacklist Email Gateway SMS Gateway File Receive Add-on Modules Control Stations Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Networks Smart PTT Radioservers Profiles Subscriber Groups MultiGroups MultiGroups Metadata	Forward Messages to E-mail Sender Name 224 Recipients your_email@gmail.com Add Remove			
	 Enable Direct Messages Delivery from Radio Network Enable Direct Messages Delivery to Radio Network Receive protocol POP3 Split Long Messages Sender ID Ignore After Line 			

Select the Active check box to enable the email gateway service.

Forward Messages to E-mail – select to enable message forwarding from radio subscribers to the email addresses specified in the **Recipients** list.

<u>Note:</u> When a radio subscriber sends a text message to another radio subscriber, all email users whose emails are given in the **Recipients** list will receive 1 or 2 text messages. The first one with the confirmation that the message was sent and the second – with the confirmation on delivery.

Sender Name – specify domain name, in the name of which all email messages will be sent (for example, *smartptt.com*).

Recipients - list of email addresses to receive forwarded text messages.

Enable Direct Message Delivery from Radio Network – forwarding mail messages directly from radio subscribers.

Enable Direct Message Delivery to Radio Network – forwarding mail messages directly to radio subscribers.

Receive protocol – select protocol for email message receiving (POP3 or IMAP4).

Split Long Messages – if not selected, a long E-mail message (over 140 characters) addressed to a radio is trimmed to size limit (that is some information gets lost). If selected, the original message is split into several packages during transmission. Thus, the radio subscriber receives the message without information loss.

Sender ID – when selected, the received message contains the sender e-mail address.

Ignore After Line — ignore everything after a certain string in the received e-mail message.

Example:

The original e-mail message: Due to technical works on the PBX, the PI will have no telephony for the whole day. To turn off these notifications, open **Personal Settings**, click **Manage Alerts**. Clear check boxes next to unwanted notifications.

If you enter *To turn off* in the **Ignore After Line** field, the radio subscribers will receive the message: *Due to technical works on the PBX, the PI will have no telephony for the whole day.*

POP3 Protocol Configuration

In the Receive Protocol field, select POP3 and click Settings in the left setting tree.

🖃 🜉 Radio Server	E-mail Gateway Settings					
Radio Network Services Interformed ARS	Outgoing Message S	erver (SMTP)				
	SMTP server	smtp.gmail.com 👻				
	Port	587 🗢				
Subscriber Blacklist		Use SSL				
Email Gateway	Authentication	Login/Password				
SMS Gateway	Login	vour email@gmail.com				
File Receive	Basewood	you_cmarcgmar.com				
Control Stations	Fassword					
Connect Plus		Send Test Message				
	Incoming Message Server (POP3)					
	POP3 Server	pop.gmail.com				
	Port	995				
MultiGroups		✓ Enable SSL				
	Authentication					
	Lagin					
	Login	your_email@gmail.com				
	Password					
	Polling Delay	30 🚖 sec				
		Check Connection				

SMTP server – domain name of the SMTP server which is used for delivering outgoing email messages (for example, *smtp.gmail.com*).

Port – SMTP server port number.

Use SSL – check this option if you need secure connection to SMTP server.

Authentication - select authentication method for SMTP server (Anonymous - connect anonymously,

Windows – connect to the server under Windows user account, Login/Password – connect with Login/ Password specified).

Login – email address or login required by the mail server.

Password – user's password.

Send test message – click the button to check server connection. In case of successful connection and correct settings, the mail user specified above will receive a test email message.

POP3 server – specify domain name of POP3 server which is used to deliver incoming e-mail messages.

Port – enter POP3 server port number.

Use SSL – check this option if you need a secure connection to POP3 server.

Authentication – select authentication method for POP3 server.

Login – enter email address or login required by mail server.

Password – user's password.

Polling Delay – polling interval for the mail server.

Check connection – click to check connection with the server. In case of successful connection, the pop-up window message shows the number of unread email messages in your email box. In case of connection failure, a window with connection error message opens.

IMAP4 Protocol Configuration

Select "IMAP4" in the drop-down list of Receive protocol and click Settings.

ARS	O		
GPS TMS Subscriber Blacklist Email Gateway Settings SMS Gateway File Receive Add-on Modules Control Stations Control Stations Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Networks SmartPTT Radioservers MultiGroups MultiGroups MultiGroups MultiGroups	Outgoing Message Se SMTP server Port Authentication Login Password MAP4 Server Port Authentication Login Password Poling Delay	arver (SMTP) smtp.gmail.com 587 Use SSL Login/Password your_email@gmail.com Send Test Message arver (IMAP4) imap.gmail.com 993 Enable SSL Login/Password your_email@gmail.com imap.gmail.com Send Test Message	

IMAP4 server – specify the domain name of IMAP4 server which is used for incoming email messages delivery.

Port – enter IMAP4 server port number.

Use SSL – check this option if you need secure connection to IMAP4 server.

Authentication – select authentication method for IMAP4 server.

Login – enter email address or login required by mail server.

Password – user's password.

Polling Delay – polling interval for the mail server.

Check connection – click the button to check connection with the server. In case of successful connection, the pop-up window shows the number of unread mail messages in your email. If connection is failed, connection error window opens.

Supported Message Formats

When sending an email message to radio subscribers, use the following format of the message.



: - prefix indicating that this message is addressed to a radio subscriber or talkgroup.

<ID|IP> – ID or IP address of the radio subscriber or subscriber group.

Space indicates the beginning of the message body.

Example:

- 1. The email message :12.0.0.77 Hello! or :77 Hello! received from the mail server will be forwarded to the radio subscriber with ID 77.
- The email message :225.0.0.1 Please, call to the station received from the mail server will be forwarded to the subscriber group with ID 1.

The email message :12.0.0.80,12.0.0.81,12.0.0.82,12.0.0.50 Hello! or :9080,9081,9800,9050 Hello! received from the mail server will be forwarded to the radio subscribers with corresponding IDs.

When sending a text message from a radio subscriber to an email user, use the following format.



: - prefix indicating that this message is addressed to an email user.

<email_address> - email address of the email user.

Space indicates the beginning of the message body.

Example:

- 1. The message :email_address@example.com Hello! from a radio subscriber will be forwarded to the email user with the email address email_address@example.com.
- The message :email_address1@example.com,email_address2@example.com Hello! from a radio subscriber will be forwarded to the email users email_address1@example.com and email_address2@example.com.

<u>Note:</u> When **Forward Messages to E-mail** is enabled together with the options of receiving messages from radio network and from the email, all messages sent or received by email users will be duplicated to the specified email addresses.

2.1.2.7 SMS Gateway

SmartPTT Radioserver has an integrated SMS Gateway service, which allows establishing communication between radios and mobile phones There are 2 possible ways to communicate between each other:

- 1. A radio subscriber sends an SMS to a phone subscriber.
- 2. A phone subscriber sends an SMS to a radio subscriber.

To be able to send an SMS, it is necessary to do preliminary settings on both modem and SmartPTT Radioserver.

Configuring SmartPTT Radioserver and incoming messages

Select the SMS Gateway item in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Log Export/Imp	port Settings Statistics
Radio Server Radio Network Services ARS GPS TMS Telemetry Subscriber Blacklist Email Gateway Modem Settings File Receive Add-on Modules Control Stations IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems	SMS Gateway Image: Construction of the second state of the se

Active - select to enable SMS Gateway service.

Allow SMS delivery from radios – select this option if you need to forward SMS directly from subscriber radios.

Allow SMS delivery to radios – select this option if you need to forward SMS directly to subscriber radios.

Split Long Messages – if selected, long messages (more than 140 characters) sent to a radio will be split into several messages. If not selected, long messages (more than 140 characters) will be cut, and part of the message will be lost.

Sender ID – if selected, the radio subscriber will see the phone number of the sender with the received SMS.

Configuring a modem and outgoing messages

Warning! To enable modem settings, stop SmartPTT Radioserver.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Log Export/Imp	ort Settings Statistics	
Endio Server Engr Radio Network Services Engr ARS	SMS Gateway Settings Modem settings become enabled after stopping the	ne radioserver.
GPS GPS Subscriber Blacklist Subscriber Blacklist Subscriber Blacklist SmS Gateway Grimer Settings File Receive Add-on Modules Control Stations IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Capacity Plus Systems	Port name: Speed: Data bits: Stop bits: Parity: Read timeout: Write timeout:	COM1 ▼ 57600 ▼ 8 ▼ 1 ▼ None ▼ 1000 ▼
Connect Flus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems SIP/RTP Interfaces SmartPTT Radioservers M, Profiles Subscriber Groups	Check Modem Use text mode SMS Center for outgoing messages +798765	4321
	Test Settings Phone Number +712345 Message Checking	6789 g SMS sendingļ
	Send	

Port Name – COM port number which modem is connected to. You can find the COM port number by

opening modem properties in Windows Control Panel.

Speed – data flow rate through COM port (in bits/sec).

Data Bits – number of data bits to transmit.

You can configure **Data Bits** to be 5, 6, 7, or 8. Data is transmitted as a series of five, six, seven, or eight bits (five and six bit data formats are used rarely for specialized communications equipment).

Stop Bits - number of bits used to indicate the end of a byte. You can configure Stop Bits to be 1, 1.5, or 2. If

Stop Bits is 1.5, the stop bit is transferred for 150% of the normal time used to transfer one bit.

Both the computer and the peripheral device must be configured to transmit the same number of stop bits.

Parity – method of detecting errors in transmission.

You can configure Parity to be None, Odd or Even.

If **Parity** is **None**, parity checking is not performed and the parity bit is not transmitted.

If **Parity** is **Odd**, the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an odd number of mark bits.

If **Parity** is **Even**, the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an even number of mark bits.

Read Timeout – number of milliseconds before a time-out occurs when a read operation does not finish.

Write Timeout – number of milliseconds before a time-out occurs when a write operation does not finish.

Check Modem – modem operation test. If a modem is detected, you will see information regarding the type of modem installed on your system. If there is no modem detected, you will see "Modem not found" message. The next step is to check settings for outgoing messages and to send a test message.

Radio Server SMS Gateway Settings ARS Modem settings become enabled after stopping the radioserver. GPS Port name: COM1 Speed:	
Image: Second	
T A Email Cateway	
Data bits: 8	
File Receive Stop bits. Add-on Modules Parity: Control Stations Data in the state of the	
IP Site Connect Networks Read timeout: 1000 Capacity Plus Systems Write timeout: 1000 Connect Plus 1000	
Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems SIP/RTP Interfaces SmartPTT Radioservers Use text mode	
Image: Subscriber Groups SMS Center for outgoing messages +7987654321	
Test Settings	n l
Phone Number +7123456789	
Message Checking SMS sending,,,	
Send	

Use Text mode – allows selecting Text or PDU mode for SMS sending.

There are two ways of sending and receiving SMS messages: in text mode (the check box selected) and in the protocol description unit (PDU) mode (the check box is not selected). The text mode (unavailable on some

phones) is just an encoding of the bit stream represented by the PDU mode, and can be used only for English; PDU mode and Unicode are used for all languages. Unicode is the universal character encoding which provides the basis for the consistent encoding, representation and handling of text expressed in most of the world's writing systems.

SMS Center for outgoing messages – SMS message center number. If the number is registered on modem's SIM-card, there is no need to fill this field.

Running tests on SMS sending

Make sure SMS messages can be sent to recipients from SmartPTT Radioserver. Use Test Settings to do it.

First, in the field **Phone Number** specify the phone number where you will send the test message.

Second, enter the text of the message in the field Message. And then click Send.

If the message is successfully sent, you will get a confirmation notification.

When modem is selected and test message is successfully sent, save the changes and restart the radioserver **O**. After the radioserver is restarted, **Check modem** and **Send** (test message) will be unavailable. It will mean that now you are ready to send SMS messages from the radio and to the radio. To send an SMS from the mobile phone to the radio, the message forwarded to the modem number should

comply with one of the following formats.



: - prefix indicating that this message is addressed to a radio subscriber or talkgroup.

<Radio/Talkgroup IP> – radio or talkgroup IP address of the recipient <Radio ID> – radio ID of the recipient Space indicates the beginning of the message body. An SMS message can be longer that 140 characters if Split Long Messages is selected. Example: When the radioserver gets the following message, it sends the message to subscriber 77 (or to talkgroup ID=2): To subscriber 77: :12.0.0.77 SMS text :77 SMS text To talkgroup 2: :225.0.0.2 SMS text To multiple subscribers simultaneously: :12.0.0.80,12.0.0.81,12.0.0.82,12.0.0.50 SMS text :9080,9081,9082,9050 SMS text

<u>Note:</u> When only ID is specified (with no IP address of the radio or talkgroup), SMS can be sent only to the subscriber with the specified ID. To send a group SMS, it is necessary to use a full talkgroup IP address.

To send an SMS from the radio to the mobile phone, the message should comply with the following format.



: - prefix indicating that this message is addressed to a mobile phone.

&phone number – mobile phone number of the SMS recipient (symbol "&" is used instead of "+" because there is no "+" symbol on the MOTOTRBO radios).

Space indicates the beginning of the message body.

Example:

On receiving the message **:&71234567890 SMS text**, the radioserver sends it to the mobile radio with the phone number +71234567890.

To several mobile subscribers simultaneously:

:&71234567890,&71234567890 SMS text

2.1.2.8 File Receive

File Receive service is an easy and useful tool, which allows sending files for almost all MOTOTRBO radios. This function is even more necessary in field communication characterized by the absence of the Internet connection and other channels to transmit data.

In version 2.0 SmartPTT File Transfer allows receiving files without the server application or base stations. The user needs to have only a radio connected to the PC via USB port and the client application SmartPTT File Transfer version 2.0.

<u>Note:</u> Not all networks support the new scheme of file transfer. It is possible for IP Site Connect only. For other network types use the old file transfer method, that is using control stations and server application SmartPTT File Transfer version 1.0 or 2.0.

To enable this functionality the following steps should be taken:

- 1. Configure SmartPTT Radioserver settings.
- 2. Configure the radio with the help of MOTOTRBO CPS.
- 3. Configure routing settings for file transfer on a remote computer.
- 4. Configure the client application SmartPTT File Transfer 2.0.

How to Configure SmartPTT Radioserver

To configure the settings, select the **File Receive** menu item in the left setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the **File Receive Service** window opens on the right.

E	File Receive Service		
Radio Network Services	Active		
	Port	5001	
	Received File Folder	C:\ProgramData\SmartPTT\File Transfer\	
na - ∰ Email Gateway na - ∰ SMS Gateway File Receive			

Active – enables the service.

Port – port used by file receive service.

Received File Folder – field to specify the folder name where received files are to be stored.

To apply the changes, save the new settings and restart the radioserver.

How to Configure Radio Settings in MOTOTRBO CPS

For the best file transfer rate a radio should be configured in the following way:

- 1. Open MOTOTRBO CPS and go to **General Settings** and configure the **TX Preamble Duration** parameter to be *60* ms.
- 2. Go to Network and configure the Max TX PDU Size parameter to be 500 byte.
- 3. Clear **Data Call Confirmed** for the channel where the files are to be transmitted.

How to Configure Routing Settings for File Transmission

To configure file transmission correctly, add information on the new route for file transmission in the routing table of the PC to which a radio is connected.

The routing table is configured via Windows command line. To open the command line, run file C:\\WINDOWS \system32\cmd.exe.



To add the file transmission route, use Windows command line:

route -p add 13.0.0.0 mask 255.0.0.0 192.168.X.X, where:

route is a command to add a route;

-p – the key for adding a route into the list of fixed routes;

add - adding the route;

13.0.0.0 – IP address of all radios available in the radio network;

mask 255.0.0.0 - network mask;

192.168.X.X - radio IP address.

Example:

To transmit data packets from the radio with IP address 192.168.10.1 (radio IP address can be found in the

MOTOTRBO CPS application, **Network** menu item), the following command needs to be entered:

route -p add 13.0.0.0 mask 255.0.0.0 192.168.10.1



How to Configure SmartPTT File Transfer Settings

Download and install the latest version of the application SmartPTT File Transfer (*http://www.smartptt.com/ demo_versija.html*).

Launch the client application (Start > All Programs > SmartPTT File Transfer > SmartPTT File Transfer Client).

🔳 SmartPTT - File 🛛	Fransfer 2.0 (client)			
File Service Help				
! 💕 🎱 🕨 💷 🤇))			
Network statistics Packets transmitted: Last command name: Last command state: Retry File transfer statistics File name: File size: Transfer progress:	0 unknown success 0 file not selected unknown	Packets received Packets lost: Current state: Last state:	0 0 waiting waiting	
Connection managem Server ID:	ent : 5001	Connect Disco	onnect	
Ready	No messages			

In the **Server ID** field, enter the slot ID of the IP Site Connect, which will be used for file transmission. The slot ID is set in Smart PTT Radioserver Configurator, in the **Slot** window.

	NAI Control Station	
Hadio Network Services Add-on Modules	Active	
	Name	Slot 1
Radio Activity Networks	ID	
IP Site Connect	CAI Network	12
Talkgroups	CAI Network for Groups	225

To connect to the radioserver, click **Connect**.

🔳 SmartPTT - File	Transfer 2.0 (client)		
File Service Help			
i 💕 🎯 🕨 💷 🔇	9		
Network statistics Packets transmitted: Last command name: Last command state: Retry File transfer statistics	0 unknown success 0	Packets received Packets lost: Current state: Last state:	0 0 waiting waiting
File name: File size: Transfer progress:	Текстовый документ.txt 3 byte(s), 1 packet(s) [
- Connection managem	ent		
Server ID:	1	5001 Connect Disc	connect
Ready	No messages	13.0.0.1	

Select file to transmit (**File > Select File**) and click the **Start File Transfer** button **b**. At that, the radio will start transmitting the file to the radioserver, and at the bottom of the window a record will appear informing about the ongoing file transmission process.

🔳 SmartPTT - File	Transfer 2.0 (client)		
File Service Help			
i 🖻 🎕 🕨 🗖 🔇	2		
Network statistics Packets transmitted: Last command name: Last command state: Retry	3 GET_LOST_LIST_SID + ECHO success 0	Packets received Packets lost: Current state: Last state:	1 0 Transfer file Response OK
File transfer statistics File name: File size: Transfer progress:	Текстовый документ.txt 3 byte(s), 1 packet(s) (———————————————————————————————————		
Connection managem Server ID:	ent : 5001	Connect Disc	onnect
Transfer file	File transfer	13.0.0.1	

As soon as the file is successfully transmitted, the corresponding notification appears at the bottom of the window.

🖬 SmartPTT - File Transfer 2.0 (client)				
File Service Help)			
i 💕 🎯 🕨 💷 C	<i></i>			
Network statistics Packets transmitted: Last command name: Last command state: Retry File transfer statistics File name: File size: Transfer progress:	4 SAVE_TO_FILE_SID + ECHO success 0 Текстовый документ.txt 3 byte(s), 1 packet(s)	Packets received Packets lost: Current state: Last state:	5 0 Response OK Save to file	
Connection managem Server ID:	ient 1 : [5001 Connect C	lisconnect	
Response OK	File transferred	13.0.0.1		

<u>Note:</u> For more information about the settings of SmartPTT File Transfer, please check SmartPTT File Transfer User Guide.

2.1.3 Add-on Modules

2.1.3.1 Tallysman

SmartPTT provides a more efficient radio monitoring that works in the Lone Worker mode. The option is compatible with MOTOTRBO DM/DP 3000 and 4000 series radios.

SmartPTT ensures the following features:

- Mandown, i.e. activating the alarm signal if the radio position (its tilt) no longer corresponds to the parameters set for the option board in SmartPTT GOB Configurator.
- Heartbeat messages. Messages that provide information about subscriber presence in the radio network. If
 message delivery failed, SmartPTT Dispatcher is notified about the radio unavailability. The radio is also
 informed about radioserver unavailability (e.g., when the channel is busy).

Example of the option board configuration:

When the radio tilt changes, a signal is played on the radio. The signal stops after the radio is returned to its
normal position. If not, an emergency alarm is sent to SmartPTT Radioserver. The emergency alarm LED on the radio can be turned off by a long press on the emergency alarm button (depends on the radio MOTOTRBO CPS settings).

For proper operation of the radios with the built-in option board, do the following radio settings in MOTOTRBO CPS:

- enable option board on the selected channel by selecting the **Option Board** check box;
- enable the Emergency Alarm Indication option and select digital signaling system from the list in the Emergency System field. To set up a signaling system, go to Signaling Systems > Digital Emergency item.

DP 3601	Rep1_SlotA
General Settings	
Accessories	Τορ ΒΧ ΤΧ
Buttons	·
····· 🖂 Text Messages	ARS On System Change 🔻
III Telemetry	
🛅 Menu	Privacy
Security	Privacy Alias Privacy Key1
Network	
🕂 ···· 📄 Signaling Systems	Option Board
🕂 ···· 📄 Contacts	Qation Board Trunking
🕀 🚾 RX Group Lists	
Channels	Lone Worker
E Zone 1	Allow Talkaround
Channel Pool	IP Site Connect
📄 Zone 3	Messaging Delay (ms) 60
Zone 4	Compressed UDB Data Header
	RX Only
🕀 💼 Roam	
🗄 💼 Capacity Plus	RX TX
	Offset (MHz)
	Frequency (MHz) 137.000000 0.0000000 Frequency (MHz) 142.000000
	Ref Frequency (MHz) Default Ref Frequency (MHz) Default
	Group List List1 Contact Name 15
	Emergency Alarm Indication

To enable Tallysman, click **Tallysman** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and select the **Active** check box.

🖃 📲 Radio Server	Tallysman
Radio Network Services	Active
Licenses	Heartbeat Message Port 5000
Indoor Tracking ⊕	Response Delay, sec 8
Telephone Interconnect	

Heartbeat Message Port – UDP port to receive messages about the radio presence in the network. This value must match **Host UDP Port** in the option board configurator (the **Heartbeat** item, the SmartPTT GOB Configurator application). Use the default value of *5000*.

Response Delay, sec – the time period that passes before SmartPTT Radioserver sends heartbeat message confirmation to the radio. Set the value taking into consideration the network load. Otherwise, if the radio does not receive acknowledgment, the radio gets a signal about radioserver unavailability.

2.1.3.2 Indoor Tracking

Big organizations with huge premises require constant control over their employees' displacement inside buildings. For this purpose Indoor Tracking system was implemented. Indoor Tracking system allows getting data from special beacons and transmitting it to SmartPTT Dispatcher or any other client application using API. Contact our technical support (<u>http://support.smartptt.com/hc/en-us</u>) for SmartPTT Client API documentation. Currently, SmartPTT system supports two products:

- Kilchherr option boards (K-TERM 44) with special beacons (K-TERM 70IC Beacon Transmitter).
- Blufi option boards (RF800) with special beacons (Connect-RTLS RF800).

<u>Note:</u> Indoor Tracking functionality requires the corresponding license. Indoor Tracking is not supported in Connect Plus systems.



The following scheme shows how SmartPTT Radioserver gets subscriber location data.

Kilchherr sheme: Each beacon installed is continually transmitting commands, like *Detect, Keep Alive, Lost,* which contain unique Beacon ID, set in K-Term CPS. When a radio gets closer to the beacon, the built-in option board receives Beacon ID and then transmits it with the Radio ID to SmartPTT Radioserver via repeater or control station. Further data processing can be handled by SmartPTT Dispatcher or any third party application, connected to the radioserver using API. For more information on Kilchherr beacons and option boards see the manufacturer's documentation on the products.

Blufi scheme: The RF800 beacons operate in a continual Sleep -> Transmit -> Sleep -> Transmit mode. When the beacon awakes from its sleep cycle, it transmits its allocated code for the duration of the transmit phase and then returns to its sleep phase. The portable radios function in a similar fashion except they follow a Sleep -> Listen -> Sleep -> Listen mode. When a portable radio awakes from its sleep cycle, it listens for any transmitted beacon codes for the duration of its listen phase and then determines the current active beacon. If the new active beacon is different from the previous active beacon, a beacon update status message (a special TMS message) is sent via the radio network to SmartPTT Radioserver. For more information on Blufi beacons and option boards see the manufacturer's documentation on the products.

Note: Connect-RTLS RF800 option boards transmit data in special TMS messages, therefore it is necessary to have TMS enabled.

Warning! In network systems with MNIS service enabled, make sure that the ID set in the option board settings (where data is to be sent) should match "MNIS Application ID". In network systems without MNIS service enabled, any ID can be set in the option board settings (where data is to be sent), however, it is necessary that "Data call confirmed" should be unselected in the radio settings. In networks based on control stations it is necessary that the ID set in the option board settings should match "Radio ID" set in the control station settings (this is true for both Kilchherr and Blufi option boards).

To enable **Indoor Tracking** select **Indoor Tracking** in **Add-on Modules** of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and select **Active**.

⊡	Indoor Tracking	
a	Active	
Licenses Tallysman	Data Port	3100
Indoor Tracking Event Log	Response Delay, s	8
Phone Calls	Set list of allowed b	peacons
& Bridging 	1593,1594	*
Web Application		
SNMP Service		Ŧ
	Example: 1593, 1594, 6	6499-6501

Data Port – UDP port for listening to Beacon ID (applicable to Kilchherr beacons only).

Response Delay – time period during which SmartPTT Radioserver waits to confirm the command receiving from the option board (applicable to Kilchherr beacons only).

Set list of allowed beacons – you can specify **Beacon ID**s which data must be processed by SmartPTT Radioserver. If the option is not selected, the radioserver processes data from all the beacons.

2.1.3.3 Event Log

The **Event Log** is a special SmartPTT Radioserver log. It tracks all events from all dispatch systems connected to the radioserver. Events are registered in the event log even if SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator is closed.

First activate the event log by checking off **Enable Event Logging**. To do it, select **Event Log** item in the setting tree in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Then create the database for the log.

🖃 📲 Radio Server	Event Log
🗄 🛫 Radio Network Services	Active
Event Log	Creating Database
Automatic Database Backup Telephone Interconnect	Database Name: Radio Server
Bridging Voice Notifications	Create New Database
Control Stations	Authorization Mode: Windows NT Authorization
NAI Networks	Login:
	Password: Check Connection
	Restoring Database Backup Restore Database

Warning! To enable Event Log on the radioserver, the corresponding license should be available. Go to the Licenses section to acquire the necessary license.

To create a new database, type in the **Server Name** and the **Database Name** fields, and click **Create New Database**. If creation is successful, a message about successful database creation is displayed. If a database is not created, the cause of failure will be displayed at the bottom of the window.

<u>Note:</u> Database creation process at SmartPTT Radioserver is similar to the database creation process at SmartPTT Dispatcher.

<u>Note:</u> For the database server installed together with the radioserver enter the name using the following format: Name of computer\SQLExpress (for example, MYCOMP\SQLExpress).

Select Authorization Mode between the two:

SQL Server Authorization – you must have the login name and password of the account with SQL server access.

Windows NT Authorization – the user who has logged into the Windows system, must be listed in the SQL server's list of users to make connection.

Click **Check Connection**. In case of successful authorization the message "The connection is established successfully!" is displayed. If authorization fails, the cause will be displayed at the bottom of the window.

To restore the event log database from the backup, select the required database backup file in the Path field and

click Restore Database.

Note: To set up the auto backup of the event log database, go to the Automatic Database Backup window.

Settings

To tune the radioserver event log select **Settings** under **Event Log** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Event Log Truncate Settings – settings to manage records deletion in the log.

Record Incoming Calls – if this option is on, incoming calls are recorded.

Record Outgoing Calls – if this option is on, outgoing calls are recorded.

Recording Quality (kbps) – audio files sound quality.

Recording Level of Outgoing Calls – increase or decrease sound volume for recording outgoing calls.

Voice Logging Folder – set path to the folder where recorded audio files are stored.

Voice Log Truncate Settings – settings to control audio records truncate parameters.

Automatic Database Backup

Backing up data on a regular basis helps to protect it from being erased in case of the server hardware or software

failure. SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator allows user to back up the event log database automatically.

In order to set up automatic backup schedule of the event log database, select **Automatic Database Backup** under **Event Log** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

🖃 🜉 Radio Server	Automatic Database Backup
	✓ Active
Licenses Event Log Settings Automatic Database Backup Telephone Interconnect	Backup Folder C:\Backup Files Backup Settings Daily
Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks	 Weekly Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Repeat every Monthly
Profiles	Time: 9:00
Metadata	Backup Period Start Date: 01.01.2014 End Date: 18.01.2014 No End Date

Active – select the check box to enable the ability to create current event log database backups in the automatic mode.

Backup Folder – full path to the file for saving the database backup.

Backup Settings – schedule for creating the current database backup:

- Daily every fixed day at the specified time (for example, every day, every third day at 9:00 a.m.).
- Weekly every fixed day of the week at the specified time (for example, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:00 p.m.).
- Monthly once a month on the fixed day of the selected month and at the specified time.

Backup Period – allows you to set time period when automatic database backup is to be made according to the

selected backup settings.

<u>Note:</u> The number of stored backup files in the same folder is limited to 3. Otherwise, when creating a new copy, the old files are deleted.

<u>Note:</u> The event log database recovery from the automatically created backup is performed manually in the <u>Event</u> Log window.

2.1.3.4 Phone Calls

Now it is possible to make a conference call between radio subscribers, dispatchers and telephone subscribers without enabling Telephone interconnect.

For this, do the following:

1. Define **Deaccess code**. Make sure that it matches the deaccess code specified in subscriber's radio settings.

Dadia Sanyar		
	Telephone Calls	
arrige Add-on Modules	Access code *1	
Indoor Tracking	Deaccess code #	
	Radio ring timeout (s)	20
	Phone ring timeout (s)	20
Outgoing Calls	Phone call idle session timeout (s)	30
Gridging Gridging Gridging Gridging Gridging	Conference call idle session timeout (s)	900
Web Service	Calls to be confirmed by radio subscriber	
SNMP Service	Private calls	
Control Stations	Group calls	
IP Site Connect Networks	All Call	
Connect Plus		
	Radio subscribers' notifications	
NAI Systems	Incoming phone call tone	
	Pick up tone	
Profiles	Hang up tone	
i	Error messages	
	Sound Volume Settings	
	Phone subscriber	1 •
	Radio subscriber	1 •

2. Enable Telephone Interconnect in the slot settings.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Network Configuration	n Log Export/Impo	rt Settings Statistics
Radio Server	Slot	
⊡∰ Addo Network Services	Active	
Licenses	Name	Slot 1
Indoor Tracking	Radio ID	1
	CAI Network	12
Telephone Interconnect Stridging Voice Notifications	CAI Network for Groups	225
Web Application	Emergency Alarm C	Confirmed
Monitoring SNMP Service	Compressed UDP I	Data Header
IP Site Connect Networks	TX Time-Out Timer, s	60
⊡ ter IP Site Connect 1 ⊡ [®] ¶ [™] Slot 1	Private Call Confirm	red
Security Settings	🔲 Data Call Confirmed	d
Slot 2	🔲 Allow Transmit Inte	mupt
Capacity Plus Systems	Allow Telephone In	terconnect
Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Networks	🔲 Transmit Data Only	,
SIP/RTP Interfaces	l	

3. In SmartPTT Dispatcher, go to **Settings > Telephone Interconnect** and set up the following parameters:

onfiguration						
Telephone Settings Settings and Subscri	ber List for Telepho	one Interconnect		Smar	tPTT	
General Settings	Codec Settings	SIP Trunk Authentication	SIP Accounts			
Allow Calls to Tele Transport SIP Port Phone Number	UDP 5060 100	rs 💌	Displ	Interfa RTP Por ayed Subscriber Nam	ce 192.168.37.1 ts 18700 - Dispatcher	70 v 18748
VoIP Gateway Def Dial Prefix for Out Dial Prefix for Inco Default VoIP Gate	ault Settings going Calls 12 ming Calls 82 way Address 82	2 2.200.114.46 SIP Port	5060			
 Play Sound Aler Play Sound Aler Listen to Subsci Sound Level 	rt for Incoming Ca rt for Outgoing Ca riber Conversation	11 311 1				
Help					Cancel	Finish

ha

• Select Allow Calls to Telephone Subscribers;

- Define your radioserver IP address and RTP ports;
- Under the VoIP Gateway settings enter Dial Prefix for Outgoing Calls. This must match the same prefix set in the VoIP gateway.
- Specify the IP address of the VoIP gateway.

To save the changes, click **Finish**.

Additional features, which are applied to telephone calls over SIP protocol:

Calls to be confirmed by radio subscriber – if enabled, when making a private call, group calls, All Call the telephone subscriber can hear the ring tone until the radio subscriber has pressed the PTT button. If these check boxes are not selected, the call will start immediately.

Radio ring timeout - sets the time interval during which the radioserver waits for the radio subscriber to press

the PTT button.

Phone ring timeout – sets the time interval during which the radioserver waits for the telephone subscriber to pick up the phone.

Phone call idle session timeout — sets the time interval starting from the last time the radio subscriber presses the PTT button after which the telephone call will be automatically finished. This timeout must not exceed **TX Time-Out Timer** set in network settings in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and in repeater settings.

Conference call idle session timeout – sets the time interval starting from the last time the conference call participant presses PTT button after which the conference call will be automatically finished.

Radio subscribers' notifications – sets notifications of radio subscribers of various events with a special tone: telephone calls, beginning and end of calls. The radio subscriber can also receive messages about errors.

Sound Volume Settings – allows setting up sound volumes on a telephone and a radio during incoming or outgoing radio calls.

Telephone Interconnect

Telephone Interconnect service allows for communication between radio and telephone subscribers, and uses SIP and RTP protocols for signaling and voice data transmission. Voice data transmission is done in half-duplex mode. Switching between receiving and transmitting modes is carried out by voice interrupt initiated by a radio subscriber. There are several ways how to make the interconnection:

- A telephone subscriber makes a private call.
- A telephone subscriber makes a group call.
- A radio subscriber makes a call to a telephone subscriber.
- The dispatcher connects telephone and radio subscribers.
- The dispatcher connects a telephone subscriber and a talkgroup.

To use Telephone Interconnect service, configure the radioserver and VoIP gateway settings. Also, make sure that **Allow Telephone Interconnect** is enabled in the network slot parameters.

Configuring SmartPTT Radioserver

To configure SmartPTT Radioserver settings, go to SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and select **Telephone** Interconnect as shown on the picture.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Log E	cport/Import Settings Statist	tics	
	Telephone Interconne	ct	*
Radio Network Services	Active		
	Dediana Cettines		
Tallysman	Radioserver Settings		
Indoor Tracking	Interface	192.168.37.170 🔹	
	SIP port	5060	
Telephone Interconnect			
Incoming Calls	RTP ports	18650 - 18660	
🕮 🖓 Bridging	Transport		
Voice Notifications			
Web Service	Codec Settings		
SNMP Service	Active Name	Priority	=
	G711A	1	
IP Site Connect Networks	G711U	2	
Connect Plus		3	
	G729	4	-
NAI Systems	G725	7	-
SIP/RTP Interfaces			
	Permissions for Subscrib	er Groups:	
	Active		
		Incoming	
	Group Name	Calls	utgoing Calls
			-
1	p : : :		

Warning! To activate Telephone Interconnect, install the corresponding license. The license can be installed under Licenses.

Under **Radioserver Settings** specify the interface that will be used for sending and receiving commands and voice data when working with VoIP gateway.

SIP port - UDP or TCP port number to receive and send SIP data packets. The default value is 5060.

Accordingly, the specified port must be available for incoming and outgoing traffic.

Warning! If both SmartPTT Dispatcher and SmartPTT Radioserver are installed on one computer, their SIP ports must differ. For example, 5060 for the radioserver and 5061 for the dispatch console.

RTP ports – each connection with a phone subscriber occupies two UDP ports (even port numbers are used by RTP protocol, and odd port numbers—by RTCP protocol). The specified port must be available for incoming and outgoing traffic. The default range of values is from *18650* to *18660*.

Warning! The address and the port of the VoIP gateway must be real (NAT is not supported). If both SmartPTT Dispatcher and SmartPTT Radioserver are installed on one computer, the port ranges set in and the RTP ports fields in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and SmartPTT Dispatcher must differ.

Transport – allows selecting between TCP and UPD for SIP commands transmit.

In the **Codec Settings** tab you can enable or disable supported audio codecs, as well as change their priorities. Currently, there are 4 audio codecs: G711A, G711Q, SPEEX µ G729. When connecting to PBX the radioserver always uses the codec priorities list set in the PBX settings, while the PBX can ignore the priorities list set in the radioserver. That is why codecs used by the call initiator and the responder can be different.

Permissions for Subscriber Groups – in this section you can allow or forbid particular groups of radio subscribers to make or answer telephone calls. These groups of subscribers can be created under <u>Subscriber</u> <u>Groups</u>. If the Active check box is selected, and the table is empty, communication between radio and phone subscribers will be impossible.

Incoming Calls

In terms of SmartPTT system "incoming calls" are calls that are made from telephone subscribers to radio subscribers.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Log E	xport/Import Settings Statistics	
Radio Server	Incoming Calls	
Add-on Modules	Private call mask	31T
🖬 Tallysman 🚮 Indoor Tracking	Group call mask	32NSST
ia is Event Log ia ia Phone Calls		
I clephone Interconnect	Incoming Calls Authenticatio	n
🗢 Outgoing Calls 🕀 🖧 Bridging	Enabled	
	Realm	SmartPTT
B- Monitoring SNMP Service	Usemame	usemame1
Control Stations IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plue Systems	Password	******
Connect Plus	Voice Menu Settings	
NAI Systems	Active	
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Radioserver Call Number	1
Profiles	Voice Menu File	
E I Metadata	C:\Program Files (x86)\Sma	artPTT\Server\Sound\VoiceMenu.wz
	Dial Extension Timeout, s	30
	I	

A telephone subscriber can make two types of calls to radio subscribers.

- 1. Private call is a call when the radioserver calls to a radio subscriber. You can use **Private call mask** when making a private call.
- 2. Group call is a call when the radioserver calls to a talkgroup. You can use **Group call mask** to make a group call.

A mask is a regular expression. In the following table you can find all the symbols used in masks.

Symbols	Description
	Used for any figure
[m-n]	Used for any figure in the interval from m to n
[a,b,c] or [abc]	Used for any figure from the list
Т	Used for any number of any figures
()	Used to unite regular expressions

N	Used to denote network ID. N =0 when there is only one network. Can be used
	only in Group Call Mask.
S	Used to denote Slot ID (IP Site Connect) or Site ID (Linked Capacity Plus).
	Can be used only in Group Call Mask.

Example:

Let's review sample masks:

Private Call Mask: 31 or 317

Group Call Mask: 32NSST

Then the dialed numbers will mean the following:

31403, i.e. 31 403: private call to subscriber with ID=403.

3200013, i.e. 32 0 00 13: wide group call to a talkgroup 13, which must be either unique for the radioserver, or

located in the only network connected to the radioserver.

3210013, i.e. 32 1 00 13: wide group call to a talkgroup 13 located in network 1.

32112123, i.e. 32 1 12 123: local group call to a talkgroup 123 in network 1, on site 12.

The **S** symbol can be assigned different values and they depend on the network type. Below is the list of values that can be used for the **S** symbol:

- In the IP Site Connect network the **S** symbol can be assigned values *1* or *2* only, which correspond to the number of the IP Site Connect slot.
- In the Capacity Plus network the **S** symbol can have only one value: 0.
- In the Linked Capacity Plus network the S symbol can be assigned any value. S=0 stands for a wide group call. S=1, S=2, S=any other figure stand for a local group call specifying the LCP site number.

To make the All Call, use the following values:

- In the IP Site Connect network: **S**=1/2 and talkgroup ID=0.
- In the Capacity Plus and Linked Capacity Plus networks: **S**=0 and talkgroup ID=0.

Incoming Calls Authentication – receiving an incoming call from a phone/softphone, the radioserver asks for the username and password corresponding to **Realm** in the described setting. The calling telephone subscriber must send back the username and password specified in this setting. To activate this ability, select **Enabled**.

Realm – parameter used for the incoming telephone calls authentication.

Username – username used for authentication.

Password – password used for authentication. It should correspond to the specified realm.

Voice Menu Settings is used for setting up interactive voice response (IVR), i.e., a technology that allows SmartPTT system to interact with subscribers through the use of voice and DTMF tones input via keypad. If enabled and set up properly, the telephone subscriber can make a call to the radioserver and then to the required radio subscriber or talkgroup using the information heard in the voice menu file.

Radioserver Call Number – number to call to the radioserver.

Voice Menu File – the audio file which will be played to the telephone subscriber. The sampling frequency of the audio file must be 8000 Hz.

Dial Extension Timeout – period in seconds when the caller can dial the ID of the radio subscriber or talkgroup after listening to the voice menu file. If the caller has not dialed the ID before the time is out, the call will be dropped.

Here is the list of steps to make a call using voice menu:

1. Dial your PBX number.

2. Dial the radioserver call number.

3. Dial * to turn on DTMF mode on the telephone (not obligatory, depends on the telephone parameters).

4. Dial the private or group call mask, and then the radio subscriber or talkgroup ID.

5. Dial #.

Example:

The radio subscriber ID: 120.

The PBX number: 9649.

The radioserver call number: 10.

The private call mask: 1.

The telephone subscriber will call: 9649 10 (*) 1 120 #.

Outgoing Calls

Settings Rules Activity Client List Log Ex	port/Import Settings Statistics	
	Outgoing Calls	
	Default Gateway Settings	
Licenses	Allow Calls to Default VolF	9 Gateway
Indoor Tracking	IP address 82.200.11	4.46
	SIP port 5060	Example: 32%15
Incoming Calls	Source mask	
	Destination mask	12
Web Service	Dialing Rules	
Monitoring SNMP Service	TMS prefix A	
	Ordening Colle Anthonis articles	
Capacity Plus Systems	Outgoing Calls Authentication	
Radio Activity Networks		
NAI Systems	Realm	SmartPTT1
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Usemame	SmartPTTuser1
	Password	********
tabolaba aroups 		Example: Radio %
	Caller name for private calls	Radio %
		Example: Group %
	Caller name for group calls	Group %
	Talk permit tone for phone	e subscriber

Allow Calls to Default VoIP Gateway – if enabled, radio subscriber calls to telephone subscribers are made automatically, using all the data given, such as IP address of the automatic exchange, **Source** and **Destination masks**, **Dialing Rules**. If the option is not selected, radio subscribers will need to enter the IP address and the full number of the telephone subscriber to make a call.

IP address – IP address of the automatic exchange.

Source mask – must correspond to the source mask specified in the automatic exchange. It includes only figures, for example, 32%15, where % is the number of the radio subscriber.

Destination mask – contains only figures, for example, 32%15, where % is the dialed telephone number. It is used to speed up dialing of the telephone number.

TMS prefix is used for making a call to a telephone subscriber with the help of a text message sent from a radio. **TMS Prefix** can contain any available symbol on the radio keyboard. Figures following the specified prefix are regarded as the telephone subscriber's number.

Outgoing Calls Authentication – the setting includes parameters required for outgoing call authentication. If **Realm** is left blank, the specified user name and password are used in response to any authentication request from the called party. Otherwise, **Realm** is checked whether it corresponds to the requesting user name and password. If it matches, user name and password are sent. If not, the authentication is failed immediately.

Realm – if the value is set, SmartPTT Radioserver responds to authentication requests with the matching **Realm** value. If the value is not set, SmartPTT Radioserver sends user name and password given in response to any authentication request.

Username – user name used for authentication.

Password – password used for authentication.

Caller name at private calls – name of the radio subscriber that will be shown to the telephone subscriber. The percent symbol (%) will be replaced automatically by the radio number.

Caller name at group calls – name of the talkgroup that will be shown to the telephone subscriber. The percent symbol (%) will be replaced automatically by the talkgroup number.

Talk permit tone for phone subscribers – if enabled, the phone subscriber will hear a special tone prompting to start speaking.

2.1.3.5 Bridging

SmartPTT bridging service allows joining various network systems into a single radio network. The bridging service is implemented in the scope of SmartPTT PLUS Radioserver and provides intelligent means of redirecting voice and data streams among different network systems.

To activate the Bridging service, click **Bridging** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. In the opened window select the **Active** check box.

Radio Server	Bridging
	Active
Licenses	
🖬 Tallysman	
Indoor Tracking	
🗄 📲 Event Log	
Phone Calls	
MultiGroups	
🔹 Voice Notifications	
🔮 Web Application	

Multigroups

MultiGroups are used to organize dynamic routing of group calls between channels and different network systems. Routing of group calls can be global or limited to predefined channels. Configuration of MultiGroups does not require any bridging settings on SmartPTT Dispatcher, but **Bridging** must be enabled in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. If it is not activated, **MultiGroups** settings will be disabled.

To create multigroups, go to Bridging and click Multigroups.

Radio Server Gruppe Radio Network Services	Add Remove	Apply
Add-on Modules Tallysman Indoor Tracking Event Log Tracking Tracking From Event Log Tracking From Event Log Tracking From Event Log Tracking Tracking From Event Log Trackin	MultiGroup Name New multigroup 1	Talk Group

To add a new multigroup, click Add. Then open its settings by selecting it in the settings tree.

Radio Server	MultiGroup	
arrige Add-on Modules	Name	New multigroup 1
Tallysman Indoor Tracking	Talkgroup ID	1 Example: 1,5,10-20
	Subscriber IDs	89,25,12,17,45-50
MultiGroups		
Voice Notifications Web Service Monitoring	Use selected channels	nels
SNMP Service	Expand All	Collapse All
Gapacity Plus Systems	Radioserver	nect 1
Radio Activity Networks	Slot 2	I Capacity Plus 1
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Slot 1	

Name – name of the multigroup.

Talkgroup ID – the ID of the talkgroup whose calls are to be routed.

Subscribers IDs – radio IDs of the radio subscribers who will be included in the multigroup.

Use all channels – select this option if you want the group call to be routed globally.

How it works: If a multigroup is created for a talkgroup, and a group call is made to this talkgroup, SmartPTT starts to look for all the talkgroups with this ID. Then SmartPTT checks if these groups have radio subscribers that were defined in the multigroup settings. The group call will be routed only to the talkgroups that include at least one of these radio subscribers.

Use selected channels – select this option if you want the group call to be routed within selected channels.

<u>Note:</u> When you add, change or delete a multigroup, it is not necessary to restart the radioserver. Click **Apply** to activate the multigroups.

2.1.3.6 Voice Notifications

The main purpose of the voice notification functionality is to warn talkgroups about the fire or other emergency and to manage evacuation. However, in normal mode voice notifications can be used to transmit ordinary announcements.

To create a voice notification, select the Voice Notifications item in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that,

the Voice Notifications window appears on the right. To enable the service, select the Active check box.

E- Madio Server	Voice Notifications
⊕@ Hadio Network Services ⊨@ Add-on Modules	Active
Licenses	
ia	
Bridaina	
Voice Notifications	
- 🕹 Control Stations	

To add a voice notification, right-click on **Voice Notifications** and select **Add**. At that, the **Voice Notification Settings** window opens.

Set the following parameters in the Voice Notification Settings window.

Radio Server	Voice Notification Settin	ngs
Add-on Modules	Name Notification 1	
Event Log Telephone Interconnect Bridging Voice Notifications	Sound File Play Count	C:\Program Files (x86)\SmartPTT
Image: Subscriber Groups Image: Subscript Groupt Image: Su	Play Interval, s Channels Expand All 	20 Collapse All nect 1

Name – name of the voice notification displayed in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Sound File – sound file in WAV format. Only monophonic files can be used as voice notifications.

Play Count – specifies how many times the voice notification will be played on the channel. To be set in the range from *1* to *9999*.

Play Interval, sec – specifies the interval between the voice notification plays. To be set in the range from 5 to *216000*.

Select channels of the hardware or/and virtual control stations in the **Channels** area (**All Call** or **Group Call**) that play the voice notification (after it was run in SmartPTT Dispatcher).

<u>Note:</u> Playing voice notification on the channel corresponds to an outgoing call of SmartPTT Radioserver and fully occupies the selected channel. Thus, each control station (hardware or virtual) can have only one call type to be used for playing voice notifications on the channel – an all call or a group call.

To delete the voice notification profile, right-click on the selected profile and click **Delete**.



2.1.3.7 Web Service

This additional module expands SmartPTT bounds. It allows the dispatchers to do their job without the desktop SmartPTT Dispatcher. The web version of SmartPTT Dispatcher was designed specifically to provide users with the functionality of the desktop version, but without the restrictions of desktop applications. Currently the web version provides the following functionality:

- Displaying radio subscribers on Google Map
- · Sending TMS messages to and from radio subscribers
- Getting ARS and GPS data
- Making private calls to radio subscribers
- Blocking and unblocking radios

Install the web client and connect it to SmartPTT Radioserver by selecting the **Active** check box in the **Web Service** window in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

2.1.3.8 Monitoring

The Monitoring service gives an outlook for the whole radio system in the real time. With the help of this service the dispatcher can see what is happening on the channels and get information on the state of the devices.

Warning! Monitoring service requires corresponding license to be installed at SmartPTT Radioserver. Licenses are installed under the Licenses section of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. By default, the Monitoring service is not active. Select **Monitoring** in the setting tree in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and select **Active** to enable it. If the **Monitoring** service is not activated, the radioserver and its network won't be displayed on the **Monitoring** panel.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Network Configuration	n Log Export/Import Settings Statistics
E	Monitoring
Add-on Modules	☑ Active
Licenses	Creating Monitoring Database
Indoor Tracking	Server Name: localhost\SQLExpress
Phone Calls	Database Name: Monitoring
Voice Notifications	Create New Database
Monitoring	Authorization Mode: Windows NT Authorization
Automatic Database Backup	Login:
Control Stations	Password:
Capacity Plus Systems	Check Connection
Radio Activity Networks	Restoring Database Backup
SmartPTT Radioservers	Restore Database
······ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

To create a database for the monitoring purpose, type in the **Database Server Name** and **Database Name** fields, and click **Create New Monitoring Database**. If creation is successful, a message about successful database creation is displayed. If the database is not created, the cause of the issue will be displayed at the bottom of the window.

<u>Note:</u> If the database server and SmartPTT Radioserver are installed on one computer, enter the name of the following format: Computer Name\SQLExpress (for example, MYCOMP\SQLExpress).

Select Authorization Mode between the two:

SQL Server Authorization – the Account Name and Password must belong to the account with access to the SQL server.

Windows NT Authorization – the user, who has logged into the Windows system, must be listed in the SQL server user list to make connection.

Click **Check Connection**. In case of successful authorization the message "The connection is established successfully!" is displayed. If authorization fails, the reason will appear at the bottom of the window.

<u>Note:</u> The radioserver event log database, the Monitoring database and the Dispatcher event log database must be different.

To restore the monitoring database from the backup, select the required database backup file in the **Path** field and click **Restore Database**.

Note: To set up the auto backup of the monitoring database, go to the Database Backup window.

Settings

To configure automatic cleaning for the monitoring event log, go to the **Settings** section of the monitoring in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window appears.



Don't Truncate Event Log – if selected, monitoring event log is not cleared automatically.

Automatically Delete Records Older Than n days – if selected, the system will delete records older than the number of days set in the field. By default, it is set to 100 days.

Automatic Database Backup

Backing up data on a regular basis helps to protect it from being erased in case of the server hardware or software failure. SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator allows user to back up the monitoring database automatically.

In order to set up automatic backup schedule of the monitoring database, select **Automatic Database Backup** under **Monitoring** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Active - select the check box to enable the ability to create current monitoring database backups in the

automatic mode.

Backup Folder – full path to the file for saving the database backup.

Backup Settings – schedule for creating the current database backup:

- Daily every fixed day at the specified time (for example, every day, every third day at 9:00 a.m.).
- Weekly every fixed day of the week at the specified time (for example, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:00 p.m.).
- Monthly once a month on the fixed day of the selected month and at the specified time.

Backup Period – allows you to set time period when automatic database backup is to be made according to the selected backup settings.

<u>Note:</u> The number of stored backup files in the same folder is limited to 3. Otherwise, when creating a new copy, the old files are deleted.

<u>Note:</u> The monitoring database recovery from the automatically created backup is performed manually in the <u>Monitoring</u> window.

2.1.3.9 SNMP Service

The additional SNMP service allows users to monitor network-attached devices such as repeaters, routers and uninterruptible power supply (UPS).

Warning! To be able to get information about the state of the devices, the user needs to have the corresponding license and an SNMP client application installed. Use versions 1 and 2 of SNMP client applications.

To obtain the license, go to SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and open the **Licenses** section. Check if you have the license for SmartPTT SNMP service installed, and if not install it. For more information how to install licenses, check the <u>Licenses</u> section.

After you have obtained the license, enable SNMP service. To do that, select **SNMP Service** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window opens.

Select the Active check box to enable the service. At that, the Interface Settings will become available.

Interface - the IP address of the radioserver.

Port – port to listen to the data from the devices. By default, it is set to port 161.

Then, install SNMP client application. Configure its settings to contain the IP address of the radioserver to get information on the devices, and the **External Community** to get information on particular device parameters. The **External Community** can be found in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator in the **Network Configuration** tab for each device.

<u>Note:</u> For more information how to get device parameters, read documentation or review the corresponding MIB file of the device.

2.1.4 Control Stations

In this section you can configure MOTOTRBO and Analog Control Stations, which are used as a gateway to radio network.

MOTOTRBO Control Station is a mobile or portable MOTOTRBO radio station connected to the PC via USB and used as a gateway to radio network. The maximum allowed number of MOTOTRBO control station working at the same time is 8.

To set up the MOTOTRBO control station, right-click **Control Stations** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, point to **Add** and click **MOTOTRBO Control Station**.

At that, a new setting window appears on the right.

⊟	Control Station (MOTO	TRBO)		
	Active			
Add on Medulon	Notive			
	Name	Control Station 1		
Control Station 1	Control station IP address	192.168.10.1		
	Local interface	192.168.10.2		
IP Site Connect Networks	Radio ID	16448250		
Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus	CAI Network	12		
	CAI Network for Groups	225		
SIP/RTP Interfaces	🔲 Transmit Data Only			E
	Allow Telephone Inter	connect		
Subscriber Groups	GPS			
Subscribers	ARS		Port 4005	
	🔽 TMS		Port 4007	
	V Telemetry Service		Port 4008	
	Options			
	GPS Transmission Mod	Data	•	
	5 Tone Signaling			
	System	✓ Add	Delete	
	Encoder Telegram Num	ibers (1-32):		
	Voice Call	0 Silent Inter	rogate 0	-

Name – control station name.

Control station IP address – the IP address of the control station. The following address format and range are used: (001-223).(000-255).(001-253). Users can use any address except 127.x.x.x in the range from 1.x.x.x to 223.x.x.x. We recommend to use the address 192.168.10.1 by default, and in case of conflicts with other network interfaces you should select a different IP address.

Note: If two or more control stations are connected to the computer, one of the first three octets of the IP address

must be unique for each control station.

Local interface – local interface used for connection to the control station. A question mark at the beginning of the field means that the control station was not defined.

Radio ID – unique radio station identifier used during communication with it. ID is to be set in the range from 1 to

16776415. It is highly recommended to use 16448250 as ID.

CAI Network – CAI-Network identifier. To be set in the range from 1 to 126. Use the default value of 12.

CAI Network for Groups – the identifier of the group's CAI-Network. To be set in the range from 225 to 239. Use the default value of 225.

ARS - enables registration service. Port 4005 is used as default.

GPS – enables location service which provides coordinates of radio subscribers.

GPS Transmission Mode – allows you to select the way how to transmit location updates: as data packet in multiple bursts or as a single CSBK (Control Signaling Block).

Each solution has its own advantages and disadvantages:

GPS Transmission Mode	Advantages	Disadvantages
Data	 No need to configure additional settings for receiving GPS data 	 Increased traffic load on a channel
CSBK	 Low traffic load on a channel Increased GPS transmission frequency rate —once in 15 seconds 	 Not all radios support CSBK commands
Enhanced CSBK	 Low traffic load on a channel Increased GPS transmission frequency rate —once in 7.5 seconds 	 Not all radios support CSBK commands

To transmit location data using CSBK or Enhanced CSBK, enable CSBK Data in radio settings.



Note: Enhanced CSBK can be used on Enhanced GPS channels only.

TMS – enables the service for exchanging text messages amid dispatchers and radio subscribers. Port 4007 is used by default.

Telemetry Service – enables the service responsible for transmitting and processing of telemetry signals between SmartPTT Dispatcher and subscriber stations. Port *4007* is used by default.

Allow Telephone Interconnect – allows you to enable voice calls to telephone subscribers.

Transmit Data Only – if selected, the control station is used for data transmit only and is not displayed in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

<u>Note:</u> Although the control station can't be seen in the **Subscriber** panel, you can still find it in **Report Wizard** and **Radio Activity Report**.

5 Tone Signaling – settings for 5 Tone signaling, also known as SelectV.

SelectV is used in the analog networks to arrange selective calls. As a result, the analog channel provides additional services other than all call. For example, group and private calls to the radio, blocking or unblocking the

radio, checking the radio presence on the channel.

<u>Note:</u> The current version of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator supports SelectV signaling for MOTOTRBO DM 46xx Series radios and DP 46xx, DP 48xx Series radios used as control stations.

<u>Note:</u> Make sure that control stations and radios operating on the analog channel are configured properly in MOTOTRBO CPS.

Selective call is based on subscriber addressing, i.e., on assigning IDs to subscribers. At the beginning of each session the sound signals of different frequencies are transmitted and received by the radio. Such signals are called telegrams. Each telegram contains from one to three sequences. Every sequence may include up to 12 tones. The telegram formed in this way may include the calling subscriber or talkgroup address, the radio ID, a status message or a command. The radio receives all signals, but handles only its telegrams, i.e., telegrams addressed to this radio.

<u>Note:</u> You can specify one or several identifiers (CAI + Radio ID or IP, MDC ID or 5 Tone ID) as a radio ID in SmartPTT Dispatcher in the **Properties** window. If the radio is used on the analog channel only, enter 5 Tone ID (and MDC ID if necessary); the CAI and Radio ID or IP fields must be left empty.

System – 5 Tone signaling system. Parameters in this section allow you to match the outgoing command from SmartPTT Radioserver and the telegram number.

<u>Note:</u> When decoded, telegrams are verified if the telegram sequences correspond to one of the definitions, and then the command of this definition is applied. To configure the command definition, use MOTOTRBO CPS (**Decoder > Definitions**, the **Matching Encode Telegram** field).

To create a 5 Tone signaling system in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, click **Add**. The several signaling systems can be added for each control station. To change the control station signaling system, select the required value from the list.

To delete the selected 5 Tone signaling system, click **Delete**.

Voice Call – the telegram number conforming to the private or group voice calls.

Silent Interrogate – the telegram number which corresponds to the check command of the radio presence on the network without notifying the subscriber.

Stun – the telegram number which stands for sending the **Block** command to the radio.

Unstun – the telegram number which stands for sending the **Unblock** command to the radio.

Emergency Off – when the radio receives the telegram number while in an emergency mode, the radio terminates the emergency mode.

PTT Dekey – when the radio receives the telegram number, the radio stops the current call session.

When the telegram encoding parameters are set, it is required to assign the signaling system for the channel (see the Channels tab).

If necessary, the control station can be disabled from the connection list. To do this, clear the Active check box.

To delete the control station, right-click **Control Stations** entry in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and click **Delete**.



How to Configure Analog Control Station

Following user evaluations and to facilitate migration from analog technology to digital technology, SmartPTT has been complemented with support of analog control stations. Here you can find the configuration manual for the analog control station connected to the computer COM port via interface card. The interface card schematic is shown on the website.

To add an analog control station, right-click **Control Stations** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, point to **Add** and click **Analog Control Station**.

At that a new setting window appears on the right.

EBadio Server	Control Station (Analog)	
	Active	
Control Stations	Name	Control Station 2
⊡	Serial Number	
Connect Plus	Serial Port	COM1
MAI Networks	Switch Pin	CD (1)
	Rx Pin	CTS (8) 🔹
MultiGroups	Tx Pin	RTS (7) 🔹
	TX Time-Out Timer, sec	60

Name – control station name.

Serial Number – the control station serial number.

Serial Port – the port to which the control station is connected.

Control station control signals:

- Switch Pin (incoming) is set to 1 (< -3.0V) when the control station is switched on.
- Rx Pin (incoming) is set to 1 when a signal carrier is registered on the channel.
- **Tx Pin** (outgoing) is set to 1 to switch to transmit mode.

Change the display of the control signals of the control station to the pins of the socket RS323 (see the DE-9 pin numbers in brackets), if it is different from the one that is specified.

Note: The default values of the control signals are universal and usually do not require any changes.

TX Time-Out Timer (sec) – continuous radio transmission timeout. After this time the transmission is interrupted.

In the Control Station Channels window add a channel and name it (otherwise the dispatcher displays 1:1).

Radio Server	Control Station Channels
Radio Network Services Add-on Modules	Add Remove
Control Stations	Name
Control Station 2	Channel 1
Channels	

Audio is configured in the same way as for the control stations MOTOTORBO.

Save the changes and restart the service.

<u>Note:</u> In SmartPTT Dispatcher the operation of the analog control station is the same as for MOTOTRBO stations in analog mode without signaling.

2.1.4.1 How to Configure Control Station Channels

After adding a control station, configure its channels. To set up and edit control station channels, click **Channels** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window is displayed.

To add a channel, click **Add**. At that, you will see a record of the added channel appear in the table.

Radio Server	Control Station Channels				
⊞	Add Remove]	Coj	py Paste	в
Control Stations	Name	Zone	Channel	Signaling	\otimes
Channels	Channel 1	1	1	5 Tone - Sys1	V
	Channel 2	1	2	Auto	

Name - channel alias visible to SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Zone – serial number of a channel group. Information on the maximum possible number of zones and radio station channels is shown in the following table.

Model	Maximum number of	Maximum number of	Maximum total number
	zones	channels per zone	of channels
Mobile radio station	50	160	160
with display			
Mobile radio station	2	32	32

Model	Maximum number of	Maximum number of	Maximum total number
	zones	channels per zone	of channels
with digital display			

Channel – channel sequence number.

Signaling – 5 Tone signaling system taken from the <u>Control Station (MOTOTRBO</u>) settings window. The field is available only if the MOTOTRBO control station has at least one 5 Tone signaling system.

When Auto is selected, the automatic detection of the channel type is set (analog, digital, IP Site Connect slot,

etc.). The detection take place when you connect the control station.

Note: If the channel type can't be determined automatically, you should specify the signaling system explicitly.

 \leq – selected channel will be set at the control station, when you start the radioserver.

To remove a channel, click **Delete**. To edit channel name, zone or channel number, place the cursor on the corresponding field and make changes.

2.1.4.2 How to Configure Control Station Talkgroups

To set up and edit **Control Station Talkgroups**, click **Talkgroups** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configuration. At that, the following window opens.

	Control Station Talkgroups	
Radio Network Services ⊕@ Add-on Modules	Сору	Paste
Control Stations	All Calls	
	Add Remove 1	Down
Ender Audio	All Calls	
Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems	Group 1	1
Sir/RTF interfaces SmartPTT Radioservers Profiles		

To add a talkgroup, click **Add**. To add an all-call, click **All Calls**. The added talkgroups will also appear in the **Profiles** window. To change the order of groups in the list, use the **Up** and **Down** arrows. The order defined in the

window will be used in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Name - talkgroup alias displayed by the control station.

ID – talkgroup unique identifier used during communications. To be set in the range from 1 to 16776415.

Remove – deletes the selected talkgroup.

Copy – copy added groups to the clipboard.

Paste – paste copied groups from the clipboard.

To edit talkgroup name or ID, set the cursor on the corresponding field and make changes.

2.1.4.3 How to Configure Control Station Audio Settings

To select audio devices and set up VoIP parameters, click **Audio** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Radio Server	Audio Settings		
Add-on Modules	Active		
	Audio Input		
	DS : Default, 1		
	Input Line	Общая громкость 🔹	
Connect Plus	Codec	CCITT u-Law	
MAI Networks	Format	8000 Hz, 20 ms, 64 (86) kbps 🔹	
- Rofiles	Audio Output		
	DS : Default, 1:L	•	

The Active check box allows disabling calls for a control station if it is used to transmit data only.

Audio Input – an audio device to which the control station audio output is connected.

Input Line – audio mixer line used for connections. The control station audio output can be connected to the line

input of the audio device.

Codec – outgoing audio stream compression method.

Format – sampling frequency of an outgoing audio stream.
Example:

Specifications of the codec format 8000 Hz, 20 ms, 64 (89) kbps: 8000Hz is the sampling rate 20 ms is the frame size 64 kbps is the voice data bit rate 89 kbps is a full bit rate (required network bandwidth)

Audio Output - an audio device to which the control station audio input is connected.

2.1.5 Connect Plus

SmartPTT PLUS supports Connect Plus multi-site trunking system, which starting from version 8.5 can be used not only for ARS, TMS and GPS functionality, but also for voice communication between the dispatcher and radio subscribers.

Connect Plus network can include up to 15 repeaters (29 channels + 1 control channel) on each site. Each site must have at least one XRC Controller. It is the core of the Connect Plus network and its presence on each site is obligatory. The XRC Controller provides central call processing and real-time resource management for MOTOTRBO Connect Plus digital trunking systems. There can be two XRC Controllers per site if one of them serves as backup to the primary XRC. The secondary controller provides backup capability, but it does not increase the number of repeaters and calls that can be managed per site.

XRT Gateways are required for voice communication only. MOTOTRBO Connect Plus multi-site trunking network provides extended load capacity and provides digital communication to as many as 2,900 users per site.

When using Connect Plus network, SmartPTT Radioserver plays the role of a virtual repeater.

The Connect Plus network configuration includes the following stages:

- 1. Adding new network and its basic configuration.
- 2. Setting up XRC Controller configurations.
- 3. Setting up talkgroups for group messages.
- 4. Setting up XRT Gateway parameters for voice communication.
- 5. Adding talk paths for voice calls.

2.1.5.1 How to Configure Connect Plus

First of all, make sure you have the necessary license for the Connect Plus network, i.e., Connect Plus Voice Support and Connect Plus Data Support.

To configure Connect Plus settings, add new Connect Plus system: right-click Connect Plus in the setting tree of

SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, point to Add and click Connect Plus.

At that, the **Connect Plus** window opens.

Radio Server	Connect Plus			
Addo Network Services Add-on Modules Control Stations	Active			
	Name	Connect Plus 1		
Connect Plus 1	Network ID	47		
XRC Controllers	Peer ID	47		
Radio Activity Networks	Radio ID	100		
MAI Networks	Interface	192.168.37.71		
······································	UDP Start Port	19000		

Active – enables Connect Plus Network.

Name – Connect Plus network name.

Network ID – unique ID of the Connect Plus network, which is used inside SmartPTT system. This is important if you have more than one Connect Plus network. Note that this ID is different from the Network ID defined in the XRC Controller codeplug.

Peer ID – unique ID of the virtual repeater in the Connect Plus network. Make sure this ID is different from the repeater ID in the Connect Plus network.

Radio ID – the identifier of the radioserver. This is the identifier radio subscribers will see at receiving a text message from the dispatch console. If there are several operators, you can create a profile for each operator (Profiles) and define a unique identifier for each operator. **Radio ID** set in this window must correspond to the **Console User ID** field in the XRT Gateway settings. Leave the field empty if the user should have permission for any Private Talk Path that it validly registers with the XRT. If any Private Talk Path ID is entered, then all Private Talk path IDs not configured into this field will be disallowed.

overname	public
assword	•••••
fax Talk Paths	10
Billing Enable	ed
Network Wid	de All Call (NWAC) Enabled
Group Talk Pat	ths
Group ID	1001,1002
Private Talk Pa	aths
Considerations	ID 100
Private Talk Pa	ID 100

Interface – IP address of the virtual repeater, i.e. SmartPTT Radioserver. Specify the IP address of the PC where the radioserver is installed.

UDP Start Port – this is the starting port number for local UDP ports that will be used by SmartPTT Radioserver for talk paths. It is recommended to use the default value of *19000*. If the created Connect Plus network should not transmit voice packets, this field can be ignored.

2.1.5.2 XRC Controller

The XRC Controller is necessary for transmitting registration and de-registration, GPS data, text messages. The XRC Controller is also required for making private calls, because without it, radios will be regarded as offline, and the dispatcher won't be able to make private calls.

You can add only one XRC Controller per site. Right-click on **XRC Controller** to add. At that, the following window opens:

⊡	XRC Controller	
Radio Network Services	Active	
Add-on Modules	M Active	
	Name	XRC Controller
Connect Plus 1	Controller	102 100 7 121
Encryption Settings	Address	152.100.7.121
A XRC Controllers	PN, TMS, GPS	
XRC Controller	PN	
🖓 Talkgroups	Controller Dest	4005
XRT Gateways	Controller Port	4005
Radio Activity Networks	Local Port	50005 🚖
Smart PTT Badioservers	TMS	
Refiles	Controller Port	4007
	Local Port	50007
🎎 MultiGroups		v v
庄 👘 🎁 Metadata	GPS	
	Controller Port	4001
	Local Port	50001
	Monitoring	
	Controller Port	38000
	Local Port	38000
	USEINAT	
	1	

Name – XRC Controller name. This is used only in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Controller Address – IP address of the XRC Controller. Port is not required in this field.

In order to enable data services on the controller select **PN**, **TMS**, **GPS**.

Controller port – port of XRC Controller for the corresponding service.

Local port – port of the virtual repeater for the corresponding service.

Note: **PN Controller Port** should match the port of Presence Notification service set in XRC Controller.

To be able to review the XRC Controller on the **Monitoring** panel in SmartPTT Dispatcher, select **Monitoring** and specify **Controller port** and **Local port**. If the XRC Controller is in one local network with the radioserver, leave **Use NAT** unchecked. If the XRC Controller is outside the local network of the radioserver, select **Use NAT**.

Note: Make sure that you have the general Monitoring service enabled (Monitoring).

In order to send group text messages, add talkgroups. Select **Talkgroups** under **XRC Controller**. At that, the following window opens:

	Control Station Talkgroups		
Radio Network Services	All C-ll-		
	All Calls		
Control Stations	Add Remove		
	Name	ID	
Encryption Settings	Group 1	1	
		-	
	Group 2	2	
XRT Gateways			

2.1.5.3 XRT Gateway

The XRT Gateway allows making voice calls and monitor call events in the Connect Plus system. You can have maximum 5 XRT Gateways working in one network.

<u>Note:</u> To support private voice communication, it is necessary to have an XRC Controller. Otherwise, radio subscribers will be regarded as offline, and private calls will be impossible.

To add the gateway, right-click on **XRT Gateway**. At that, the following window opens.

	XRT Gateway	
national environment of the services and the services an	X Active	
	Name	XRT Gateway
Connect Plus 1	Gateway Address:Port	192.168.7.122:10001
XRT Gateways	Pool IDs	16000001-16000100
Radio Activity Networks	Usemame	public
	Password	password1
Smart P11 Radioservers		
teradata Muticoroups	TX Time-Out Timer, s	60 🚖
	Group Call Hang Time, ms	4000
	Private Call Hang Time, ms	6000
	Emergency Call Hang Time	e, ms 8000 👘

Name – XRT Gateway name, which is displayed only in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Gateway Address:Port – IP address and port of the XRT Gateway.

Pool IDs – it recommended to use default values. The values must correspond to the range of IDs set in the XRT Gateway settings (**Pool ID**).

Username and **Password** – used for authentication with the gateway and must equal the corresponding values in the XRT Gateway settings:

Username	public
Password	•••••
Max Talk Paths	10
📃 Billing Enable	ed
Network Wid	e All Call (NWAC) Enabled
Group Talk Pat	hs
Group ID	1001,1002
Private Talk Pa	aths
Console User	ID 100

TX Time-Out Timer, **s** – time period during which the radio can transmit without interruptions. After this time is over, the transmission is interrupted.

Group Call Hang Time, ms – time during which the channel is reserved for a group call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the talkgroup can transmit. This parameter should match the same parameter set in the XRC Controller.

Private Call Hang Time, ms – time during which the channel is reserved for a private call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the private call can transmit. This parameter should match the same parameter set in the XRC Controller.

Emergency Call Hang Time, ms – time during which the channel is reserved for an emergency call after the end of transmission. During the timeout only the participants of the talkgroup can transmit. This parameter should match the same parameter set in the XRC Controller.

The next step is to add talk paths. They are necessary for voice communication. For each talkgroup or/and dispatcher add a talk path. This can be done in the **Talk Paths** window. Group IDs should match the IDs set in the **Group ID** field in the XRT Gateway settings (see above). If the **Group ID** field is empty in the XRT Gateway settings, the user should have permission for any Group Talk Path that it validly registers with the XRT 9000. Dispatcher ID should match the ID set in the **Console User ID** in the XRT Gateway settings (see above).

Radio Server	Talk Paths		
	All Calls		
Control Stations	Add Delete		
Connect Plus 1	Name	Туре	ID
The Arrow Sectings	Group 1	Group	▼ 1001
ART Gateways	Group 2	Group	1002
Talk Paths	Dispatcher	Private	▼ 100

<u>Note:</u> When adding talk paths make sure that talk paths with the same identifiers are specified in the XRT Gateway settings.

2.1.5.4 Control Stations

Control stations provide voice communication like the XRT Gateway. You can use control stations instead of the XRT Gateway or together with it to increase the number of talkpaths. One control station can be reserved for one group call or dispatcher call only.

Note: To use control stations, you need a special license.

To add a control station right-click on **Control Stations**, and then click **Add**.

Radio Server	Connect Plus Control	Station
	Active	
	Name	Control Station 1
IP Site Connect Networks	IP address	192.168.10.1
Capacity Plus Systems	Radio ID	100
Connect Plus	Reserved for Dispatcher	
XRC Controllers	Group	ID 0
Control Stations	1	Name Group
Radio Activity Networks		
SIP/RTP Interfaces		

Name – control station name.

IP address – the IP address of the control station. The following address format and range are used: (001-223). (000-255).(001-253). (001-253). Users can use any address except 127.x.x.x in the range from 1.x.x.x to 223.x.x.x. We recommend to use the address 192.168.10.1 by default. In case of conflicts with other network interfaces select a different IP address.

<u>Note:</u> If two or more control stations are connected to the computer, one of the first three octets of the IP address must be unique for each control station.

Radio ID – the unique identifier of the control station used for communication. This **Radio ID** must match **Radio ID** set in the settings of the control station. If the control station is used for dispatcher calls, and there are more than one operators in the system, **Radio ID** must match the ID set in the profile of the operator for whom the control station is reserved (see <u>Profiles</u>).

Reserved for – allows you to define how the control station is to be used. It can be used for private calls (**Dispatcher**) or for group calls (**Talkpath**). You can use one control station per one dispatcher or per one talkpath. To allow group calls, select **Group**, and enter the ID of the talkgroup and its name. To allow private calls to and from the dispatcher, select **Dispatcher**.

To learn how to configure audio settings, see How to Configure Control Station Audio Settings.

2.1.6 Radio Activity

SmartPTT supports Radio Activity DMR network system. When working in Radio Activity DMR network system, SmartPTT Radioserver serves as a virtual repeater.

2.1.6.1 How to Configure Radio Activity Network

Configuration of Radio Activity DMR network includes:

- 1. Adding Radio Activity DMR network and basic configurations
- 2. Slot configuration
- 3. Talkgroup configuration

To add a new Radio Activity network, right-click **Radio Activity DMR Networks** in the settings tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, point to **Add** and click **Radio Activity**.

To configure the newly added network, click **Radio Activity 1** under **Radio Activity Networks**. At that, the following window opens.

Radio Server	Radio Activity Ne	etwork		
Radio Network Services	Active			
Add-on Modules				
Control Stations	Name	Radio A	Activity 1	
Radio Activity Networks	Network ID	5		
	DTI ID (Hex)	000000	01	
Slot 2	DTI DMR ID	1		
In Talkaroupe				
NAI Networks	Interface	192.16	8.0.224	~
Smart PTT Badioservers				
Profiles	DTI IP Address	192.16	8.0.14 <mark>0</mark>	
Subscriber Groups				D
			Uplink Ports	Downlink Ports
🕀 👘 Metadata		TS A	40128 🚖	40132
<u> </u>	Digital Voice	TOD	40120	40124
		13.6	40130	40134
	Analog Voice		30130 🚖	40132 🚖
		TS A	50128	50132
	Data	1077		
		TS B	50130	50134
	Passive ARS			
	Group Call Hang Ti	ime ms		3000
				3000 V
	Private Call Hang T	lime, ms		4000
I I	1			

Active – enables the Radio Activity network.

Name - Radio Activity network name.

Network ID – unique ID of the Radio Activity network.

DTI ID (Hex) – identifier of the audio gateway of the Radio Activity repeater. It should match **RA DTI ID** in the DTI Manager software in the **About** section.

DTI DMR ID – it should match DMR ID in the DTI Manager software in the About section.

Interface (host:port) – IP address and port of the virtual repeater, i.e. SmartPTT Radioserver. Specify the IP address of the PC where the radioserver is installed.

DTI IP Address - IP address of the audio gateway of the Radio Activity repeater.

Uplink Ports – outgoing ports for data and voice that are set in the Radio Activity repeater.

Downlink Ports - incoming ports for data and voice that are set in the Radio Activity repeater.

Passive ARS – when **Passive ARS** is active, the radioserver does not send any ARS and GPS commands (passive ARS is used for routing between radioservers).

Group Call Hang Time (ms) – time during which the repeater reserves the channel to a group call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the talkgroup can transmit.

Private Call Hang Time (ms) – time during which the repeater reserves the channel to a private call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the private call can transmit.

Emergency Call Hang Time (ms) – time during which the repeater reserves the channel to an emergency call after the end of transmission. During the timeout only the participants of the talkgroup can transmit.

To delete Radio Activity, right-click on the selected Radio Activity and choose **Delete**.

How to Configure Radio Activity Slots

To configure Radio Activity network slots, click **Slot 1** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window opens.

Radio Server	Control Station (Tir	ne Slot)
⊞∰. Add-on Modules	Active	
	Name	Slot 1
Radio Activity Networks	Radio ID	16448250
- 📥 Analog	CAI Network	12
⊡	CAI Network for Groups	225
Talkgroups	TOT, sec	60

Active – enables the slot.

Name – slot name. The name is displayed in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Radio ID – ID of a virtual control station to work with the selected Radio Activity slot.

CAI Network – CAI-network identifier. Use default value of 12. The allowed value range is 1–126.

CAI Network for Groups – CAI-network for groups identifier. Use default value of 225. The allowed value range is 225–239.

TOT – Time-Out Timer. The duration that the radio can continuously transmit before a transmission is automatically terminated. The default value is 60 sec.

Allow Subscriber Interrupt – enables or disables the ability of SmartPTT Dispatcher to interrupt voice transmissions by radios that are Transmit Interrupt capable.

Allow Telephone Interconnect – allow radio subscribers to make calls to telephone subscribers and vice versa.

How to Configure Radio Activity Talkgroups

Click **Talkgroups** under Radio Activity Networks in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, a window opens.

Radio Server	Control Station Talkgroups
Hadio Network Services Hadio Network Services Add-on Modules	All Calls
Control Stations	Add Remove Copy Paste
Radio Activity Networks	Name
i≘tage Radio Activity 1	All Calls
	Group 1 1
i	Group 2 2
Talkgroups	

Note: Configuration process of Radio Activity talkgroups is similar to the configuring control station talkgroups.

Control Station (Analog)

To add the analog control station select Analog.]

⊡	Control Station (Ana	alog)
	Active	
Control Stations	Name	RA Analog
adio Activity Networks	TOT, sec	60
RA Analog		
Talkgroups		
alkgroups		

Name - control station alias.

TX Time-Out Timer, sec – continuous radio transmission timeout. After this time the transmission is interrupted.

2.1.7 NAI Systems

SmartPTT supports MOTOTRBO Network Application Interface (NAI) protocol for networks such as IP Site Connect, Capacity Plus, and Linked Capacity Plus. NAI network configuration uses this protocol for voice, data and monitoring data transmission.

Currently, you can configure three network types with the NAI protocol:

1. IP Site Connect





3. Linked Capacity Plus



Note: You can install SmartPTT Radioserver, DDMS and MNIS on the same PC.

The MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service (MNIS) lets you transmit data (text messages, GPS, telemetry, etc.) without control stations. MNIS connects with the repeater system over IP and uses them to transmit and receive data packets.

<u>Note:</u> MNIS allows data transmission only. It does not support transmission of voice calls and CSBK commands (Radio Check, Call Alert commands and so on).

The Device Discovery and Mobility Service (DDMS) is a service that monitors the presence of ARS capable radio units and reports their parameters (IP address, Radio ID, etc.) to interested applications, such as SmartPTT Radioserver and MNIS.

2.1.7.1 How to Configure NAI System

To add a NAI system, right-click **NAI Systems**, point to **Add**, and then select the network type (IP Site Connect, Capacity Plus or Linked Capacity Plus):



At that, a new window with network parameters will open. The network parameters differ depending on the selected network type.



Name – name of the created system.

Network ID – unique ID of the network. The network ID must not match any ID of the other SmartPTT Radioserver networks.

Peer ID – unique ID of the radioserver in the network. This ID must not match any of the other repeater IDs in this network.

Interface – local interface of the radioserver. The radioserver plays the role of a software peer.

Port – port number of the radioserver. It should differ from the corresponding ports in other networks.

Master repeater address (host:port) – IP address and port number of the network Master repeater.

Click **Test** to check connection between the radioserver and the Master repeater.

Authentication Key – repeater authorization key (to be equal to the Authentication key in the repeater settings in MOTOTRBO CPS).

Voice transmission can be carried out in two ways: via repeaters and via control stations. To transmit voice via control stations, configure control station parameters and profiles for making private calls. To transmit voice via

repeaters, configure virtual control station channels and talkgroups of the channel. The number of channels depends on the network type. To transmit CSBK commands use control stations for voice transfer.

To transmit data and monitoring data select the corresponding check boxes.

Group call hang time – time during which the repeater reserves the channel for a group call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the talkgroup can transmit.

Private call hang time – time during which the repeater reserves the channel for a private call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the private call can transmit.

Max number of telephone calls – sets the limit on the number of simultaneous telephone calls per system.

When selecting *Linked Capacity Plus* network with voice via repeaters, the new section (**Sites**) appears in the settings tree:



Max number of telephone calls – sets the limit on the number of simultaneous telephone calls per site.

Priority – priorities should be set on the basis of the radioserver proximity to the site. The closer the radioserver to the site, the higher priority it should have. Thus, you will be able to reduce delay in data transmission.



The following example shows sites' location in respect to the radioserver, and talkgroups' distribution on the sites.

Here, talkgroups 3, 4, 6 are assigned to Site 1; talkgroups 2, 4, 5, 6 – to Site 2; talkgroups 1, 4, and 5 – to Site 3. The **Talkgroups** tab in repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings allows you to configure group calls as wide area calls on specific sites.

DR 3000				Talkgro	oups		
Accessories Security Network Sites			A	Add	groups Delete		
···· - ∢₩ Talkgroups ⊕··· 📄 Channels	Ca	all ID	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Site 4	Site 5
	2	• •					
	4	<u> </u>	<u>v</u>				
	5	÷					
	▶ 6	÷		\checkmark			

By default, the repeater sends data to Site 1. Then, data goes from Site 1 to other sites. So, if you call to talkgroup 4, the total time delay will be 130 ms.

Setting up the site priorities so that sites with less time delay are associated with a higher priority allows sending data to the nearest site, from which it is distributed to other sites. Ultimately, the total time delay in case of talkgroup 4 reduces up to 70 ms.

Site Priority Configuration

	Site	Priority	^ 1
•	Site 1	3	
	Site 2	2	_
	Site 3	1	
	Site 4	4	
	Site 5	5	

If connection with the site of the highest priority fails, the radioserver tries to work through the site of lower priority.

To assign site priority, drag the site name to the desired location or use arrows on the right to the table.

<u>Note:</u> Talkgroup distribution data is provided by the **Talkgroups** table on each site (repeater settings in MOTOTRBO CPS).

When selecting *IP Site Connect* with voice via repeaters, the **Local Slots** table appears. Local slots allow multiple communications at one time. To add a local slot, click the **Add** button above the table.

Name – name of a local slot, which will be displayed in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Peer ID – the identifier of a repeater.

Slot – selection between slots (Slot 1 or Slot 2).

How to Configure NAI Slots

After you have selected the network type, configure the slots. In order to do that, go to the **Slot 1** item in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window appears.

	NAI Control Station				
Radio Network Services	Active				
Add-on Modules Control Stations IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems NAI-Linked Capacity Plus 1 NAI-Linked Capacity Plus 1 NAI-Sites Talkgroups Security Settings DDMS Settings MNIS Settings SIP/RTP Interfaces SmartPTT Radioservers Profiles Subscriber Groups Metadata	Name Slot 1 Radio ID 65535 CAI Network 12 CAI Network for Groups 225 Image: Allow Telephone Interconnect Image: TX Time-Out Timer, s Outlines 60				
	Emergency alam confirmed Allow transmit interrupt GPS Transmission Mode Data Confirmed Events V Private calls				

Note: For Capacity Plus or Linked Capacity Plus networks, there is only one slot to configure.

Name – slot name.

Slot ID – local slot identifier. This identifier is used in telephone calls (e.g., when there are many local slots to differentiate between them).

Radio ID – unique identifier of a virtual control station corresponding to the network slot.

CAI Network – CAI-network identifier. Use the default value of 12 (must match MOTOTRBO CPS settings).

CAI Network for Groups – CAI-network for groups identifier. Use the default value of 225 (must match MOTOTRBO CPS settings).

Emergency alarm confirmed – determines if the emergency alarm is allowed to be acknowledged.

Confirmation of private calls sets private calls on the current digital channel as confirmed.

Allow transmit interrupt – enables or disables the ability to interrupt a radio subscriber.

Allow Telephone Interconnect – enables telephone calls on the slot.

GPS Transmission Mode – allows you to select the way how to transmit location updates: as a data packet in multiple bursts or as a single CSBK (Control Signaling Block).

Each solution has its own advantages and disadvantages:

GPS Transmission Mode	Advantages	Disadvantages
Data	 No need to configure additional settings for receiving GPS data 	 Increased traffic load on a channel
CSBK	 Low traffic load on a channel Increased GPS transmission frequency rate —once in 15 seconds 	 Not all radios support CSBK commands Additional MNIS settings*
Enhanced CSBK	 Low traffic load on a channel Increased GPS transmission frequency rate —once in 7.5 seconds 	 Not all radios support CSBK commands Additional MNIS settings*

* To transmit location data using *CSBK* and *Enhanced CSBK*, configure additional MNIS settings, which include adding repeater latitude and longitude. This information is used for calculation of radio locations.

For IP Site Connect configuration specify latitude and longitude for each network system:

MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Ut	ility *	
Configuration View Edit Service Help		
🛅 👢 🔚 🖸 🔘 🕑		
		~
- General	Enable 🕼	
⊟ — Group List 	Revert Channel	
Conventional	Security Setting None	
- 🛟 Capacity Plus - 🌾 Linked Capacity Plus	Security Alias	
🖂 🤇 🗎 Sites 🗗 😑 Advanced	Group List None 👻	
- 🚡 Network	Repeater GPS Coordinates	
Application Override Rules		E
	Add Delete	
	Peer ID GPS Latitude GPS Longitude	
		*

For Capacity Plus configuration specify latitude and longitude just in one place:

MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service	Configuration Utility *		_ _ ×
Configuration View Edit Service	Help		
🖃 🛑 Untitled			^
General	MNIS LE Port	Automatically Assigned	
		Manually Assigned None	
	Authentication Key		
□ Capacity Hus	Security Setting	None	
🔤 🏹 🗎 Sites	Course Alton		
🖹 🦳 Advanced	Security Alias	*	
Envarding Rules	Group List	None	=
Application Override Rules	Outbound Data Limit	2	
		2 V	
	GPS Latitude	56	
	GPS Longitude	84	
			-

For Linked Capacity Plus configuration specify latitude and longitude for each site:

NOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility *						
Configuration View Edit Service	Help					
1						
🖃 🛑 Untitled						
- 🚥 General - Çrrr Security			Add Dele	te		
🖨 🧰 Group List	Site Id	Group List	Outbound Data Limit	GPS Latitude	GPS Longitude	
	1	List1	▼ 2	56	84	
Conventional	2	List2	▼ 2	56	84	
IPSC 1			-	5		
😌 🕄 Capacity Plus						
 Linked Capacity Plus 						
iii 🤇 🗒 Sites						
- Forwarding Rules						
Application Override Rules						

Also, to transmit location data using CSBK or Enhanced CSBK, enable CSBK Data in radio settings:

MOTOTRBO Customer Pro	gramming Softwa	e					
File Edit View Devic	Features Re	mote Window Help					
RM Open Save Report	s Delete Cut	Copy Paste Search Read	Write Clone	Bluetooth 192.168.11.1	•		
📴 Untitled1							
🖃 🖳 📴 DP4801					142 slot 2		
General Setti	igs						
Accessories					<u>Top RX TX</u>		
Text Message	s	Group List	List1	-	Contact Name	Call1	^
101 Telemetry							
- Menu		Emergency Alarm Indication			Emergency System	Sys1 💌	
Network		Emergency Alarm Ack			VOX		
Voice Annour	cement	Emergency Call Indication			Power Level	High 💌	
Job Tickets	tomo				TOT (sec)	60 ÷	
Encoder	cina						
🕂 📄 Decoder					TOT Rekey Delay (sec)	0 -	
E Contacts					Allow Interruption		
E RX Group Lis	IS				TX Interruptible Frequencies		
E a Zone1					Admit Criteria	Channel Free	
	one				In Call Criteria	Fallow Admit Criteria	
	2 slot 1 2 slot 2						
ле ц	фра 403				RSSI Threshold (dbm)	-100 🛨	
.n.o IP	3C 141 Slot 1				GPS Revert	Selected -	
	3C 141 Slot 2 whoa 430125				Private Call Confirmed		=
	ж ж				Data Call Confirmed		
- 🧆 CI	annel1				Enhanced Channel Access		
	annel3				CSBK Data		
	annel2				CODIC Data		-
E Scan							
🗄 💼 Roam							
E Capacity Plus							

Note: Remember that *Enhanced CSBK* can be used on **Enhanced GPS** channels only.

How to Configure NAI Talkgroups

To configure slot groups, click **Talkgroups** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

<u>Note:</u> The configuration process of the virtual control station talkgroups for NAI *IP Site Connect* or *Capacity Plus* networks is absolutely similar to the configuration of MOTOTRBO control station talkgroups.

Configuring Linked Capacity Plus network type, the parameters of wide area and local talkgroups are also set in the **Control Station Talkgroups** window. All the configured groups are displayed in SmartPTT Dispatcher. For more information about wide area and local groups of Linked Capacity Plus network see Motorola System Planer. The wide area group calls are accessible to the subscribers that are in the coverage area of sites designated in

MOTOTRBO CPS for this talkgroup. Select check boxes in the required columns of the **Talkgroups** tab in the repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings. Each column corresponds to the site where the talkgroup is available for a call.



In order to display wide area talkgroups by the SmartPTT Dispatcher application, add necessary talkgroups in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, define talkgroup identifiers that correspond to the identifiers of the wide area talkgroups in the repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings and select *Wide* in the **Site Number** field.



The talkgroups that are absent in the repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings are considered as local talkgroups. The local talkgroup call does not go beyond the site where the call is initiated.

Add the required local talkgroups in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, define identifiers for them and select site number from the list in the **Site Number** field.

Note: Wide area and local talkgroup identifiers must not match.



It is important to specify all talkgroups actually supported by the system in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. Otherwise, the operator can't initiate a call to such a talkgroup until the talkgroup member has made a group call to the operator.

How to Configure Control Stations

To transmit voice packets over control station, you need to configure its settings. Control station settings become available, when you select voice packet transmission over control stations, not repeaters.

Radio Server	NAI - Linked Capacity Plus Network					
Radio Network Services	✓ Active					
	Name	NAI- Linked Capacity Plus 1				
 IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems NAI Systems NAI Systems NAI Systems NAI Systems Sites Talkgroups Security Settings MNIS Settings SIP/RTP Interfaces SmartPTT Radioservers Profiles Subscriber Groups Metadata 	Network ID Peer ID Interface Master repeater address (host port)	2 1 192.168.37.170 • Port 192.168.37.141:50101	50000 🚖 Test			
	Authentication key	Control Stations	T			
	Group call hang time, m Private call hang time, m Max number of telephor Data transmission Monitoring	ns ne calls	3000 × 4000 × 100 ×			

To configure the control station settings, right-click **Control Stations** and click **Add**. At that, a new setting window appears.

🖃 📲 Radio Server	NAI Control Station	
	Active	
	Name	Control Station 1
IP Site Connect Networks	IP Address	192.168.10.1
Capacity Plus Systems	Radio ID	100
Radio Activity Networks	Working Channel	Zone 1 Channel 1
AI- Linked Capacity Plus 1	Reserved for	
ian [™] t [™] Slot 1	Oispatcher	
Talkgroups	Talkgroup	Group 1 👻
Control Station 1		

Name – control station name.

IP Address – local IP address of the control station. The following address format and range are used: *(001-223). (000-255).(001-253). (001-253).* Users can use any address except 127.x.x.x in the range from 1.x.x.x to 223.x.x.x. We recommend to use the address *192.168.10.1* by default, and in case of conflicts with other network interfaces you should select a different IP address.

<u>Note:</u> If two or more control stations are connected to the PC, one of the first three octets of the IP address must be unique for each control station.

Radio ID – unique radio identifier used during communication with it. In the IP Site Connect network, the ID is to be set in the range from *1* to *16776415*. In the Capacity Plus or Linked Capacity Plus networks, the ID is to be set in the range from *1* to *65535*.

Working Channel – select the channel and the zone to be set at the control station at the radioserver launch.

Reserved for – allows you to define how the control station is to be used. It can be used for private calls (**Dispatcher**) or for group calls (**Talkgroup**). This parameter is available only for Linked Capacity Plus and Capacity Plus networks. You can use one control station per one dispatcher or per one talkgroup. To allow group calls, select **Talkgroup**. At that, the dropdown list with added talkgroups becomes enabled. To allow private calls to and from the dispatcher, select **Dispatcher** and add <u>profiles</u> — one per dispatcher. In the profile, select the reserved control station. At that, **ID** will change and will match **Radio ID** set in the **NAI Control Station** settings.

Radio Server	Profile		
Add-on Modules	Name	Profile 1	
Control Stations	Limit Radios to Service	e	
IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems	Enabled		Example: 1-99, 150
Connect Plus	Allowed radio ID's		
Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems SIP/RTP Interfaces	Expand All	Collapse All	🖕 Up 🛛 🐺 Down
SmartPTT Radioservers	NAI- Linked Ca	pacity Plus 1 - Slot 1 Control Station: Control St	ation 1
Profile 1			
	Private Call	s between Subscribers vork Services	
	TMS		
	Teleme	try	

Also, make sure the following settings are made in CPS in control stations' configurations:

1. When using for talkgroups:

- In General Settings, clear Private Calls.
- In Network under Control Station section, select Voice Only.
- In the **Channel** settings, in **RX Group List**, select the talkgroup, for which the control station is reserved in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.
- 2. When using for dispatcher:
 - In General Settings, select Private Calls.
 - In Network under Control Station section, select Voice Only.
 - In the Channel settings, in RX Group List select None.

<u>Note:</u> All Calls can be initiated via a control station reserved for a group. If the control station is reserved for the dispatcher, you can only listen to All Calls.

To select audio devices and set up VoIP parameters, click **Audio** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Audio Input – an audio device to which the control station audio output is connected.

Input Line – audio mixer line used for connections. The control station audio output can be connected to the line input of the audio device.

Codec – outgoing audio stream compression method.

Format – sampling frequency of an outgoing audio stream.

Example:

Specifications of the codec format 8000 Hz, 20 ms, 64 (89) kbps:

8000Hz is the sampling rate

20 ms is the frame size

64 kbps is the voice data bit rate

89 kbps is a full bit rate (required network bandwidth)

Audio Output – an audio device to which the control station audio input is connected.

How to configure local slots

As soon as the local slot is added to the Local Slots table, a new section appears in the settings tree.

Note: Local slots become available only when Repeater is selected for voice transmission.

⊡	NAI Control Sta	tion			
ia.⊶ 🚀 Radio Network Services iaía. Add-on Modules	Active				
Control Stations	Peer ID - Slot	Peer ID 10, Slot 2			
Radio Activity Networks	Name	LS 2 Peer 10			
ia in NAI Networks	Slot ID	3			
Slot 1	Radio ID	16448250			
Security Settings	CAI Network	12			
	CAI Network for Groups 225				
LS 2 Peer 10	🔽 Allow Telepho	one Interconnect			
	TX Time-Out Time	er, s 60 💌			
	Options				
I alkgroups	Emergency	Alarm Confirmed			
MNIS/DDMS Settings	Allow Trans	mit Interrupt			
	GPS Transmiss	ion Mode Data 👻			
	Confirmed events				
MultiGroups	Private Call	Confirmed			

Active – allows you to enable or disable a local control station.

Peer ID - Slot – peer identifier and slot number. Data is taken from the **Local Slot** table.

Name – name of the local slot. It is used in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Slot ID – the identifier of the local slot, which will be used for group calls. This will be used in a group call mask. It must be unique in the system.

Radio ID – unique radio identifier used during communication. It can match Radio ID of the virtual slots.

CAI Network – CAI-network ID. Use the default value of 12.

CAI Network for Groups – group CAI-network ID. Use the default value of 225.

Emergency Alarm Confirmed – determines if the emergency alarm is allowed to be acknowledged.

Private Call Confirmed – this feature sets private calls on the current digital channel as confirmed.

Allow Transmit Interrupt – enables or disables the ability to interrupt a radio subscriber.

Allow Telephone Interconnect – allows telephone calls on the slot.

TX Time-Out Timer, s – time period during which the radio can transmit without interruptions. When time is out, the transmission is interrupted.

GPS Transmission Mode – allows you to select the way how to transmit location updates: as a data packet in multiple bursts or as a single CSBK (Control Signaling Block). For more information see <u>GPS_Transmission</u> Mode.

To configure groups of the local slot, click **Talkgroups**. Configure talkgroup settings as ordinary IP Site Connect talkgroups.

If you use encryption, go to **Security Settings**. For more information on how to configure encryption settings, see **Security Settings**.

DDMS Settings

The Device Discovery and Mobility Service (DDMS) is a service that monitors the presence of ARS capable radio units and reports their parameters (IP address, Radio ID, etc.) to interested applications, such as SmartPTT Radioserver and MNIS.

To set up DDMS settings, click **DDMS Settings**.

	DDMS Settings	
	Active	
Add-on Modules		
Control Stations	Server Address	localhost:3000
🗄 📲 IP Site Connect Networks		
Capacity Plus Systems		
Connect Plus		
Radio Activity Networks		
🖃 📷 NAI Systems		
🖻 📷 NAI- Linked Capacity Plus 1		
ian [®] the slot 1		
°†° Sites		
🦓 Talkgroups		
R Security Settings		
DDMS Settings		
MNIS Settings		

Server Address – IP address of the PC with the MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client application installed on it, and port number of the DDMS server. The port number in this field must match the port number in the **PortWatcher** field of the MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client (Interfaces > Watcher Settings).

	🐔 MOTOTRBO DDMS
DDMS	File Action Help
Server Address localhost 3000	O O 🍄 🕸 📓 🗟 🐁
	Service 🛛 Watcher Settings
	PortWatcher 3000
	ARS Settings WatcherTO 14400
	Watcher Settings NotifyGroup 0

MNIS Settings

To set up data transfer over NAI network, set up MNIS Settings.

Radio Server	MNIS Settings	
Radio Network Services	Socket Type	Local Socket
Add-on Modules	MNIS Control Interface	localhost:5000
	Interface	
Capacity Plus Systems	Intenace	132.100.10.2
Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks	MNIS ID	1
NAI Systems	Location Port	4001
Image: Solid 1 Image: Solid 1	TMS Port	4007
î Sites	Telemetry Port	4008
DDMS Settings		
MNIS Settings		
SmartPTT Radioservers		

Socket type – defines the software interface type to enable communication between processes. Select the *Local Socket* value if the MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility application is installed on the same PC as SmartPTT Radioserver. Select *Remote Socket* if MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility and SmartPTT Radioserver are installed on a different PCs. In this case, information exchange between the processes is supported by the MNIS Relay application.

MNIS Control Interface – use *localhost*, if MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility is installed on the same PC as the radioserver. If MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility and the

radioserver are installed on different PCs, enter the IP address of the PC where MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility is installed. The port should match the port number specified in the **MNIS Control Interface TCP Port** field in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility settings:

MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service	e Configuration Utility	
<u>Configuration View Edit Service H</u> el		
-🖃 🛑 111	ARS Monitor ID None	^
🚥 General		_
Generative Security	Device Discovery and Mobility Service	
Eroup List	Server Address 127.0.0.1	
Linked Capacity Plus	Watcher Port 3000	
🚊 🔤 Advanced	MNIS Control Interface	
Network	minis condition interface	
Forwarding Rules	MNIS Control Interface TCP Port 5000	
Application Override Rules		
		~
	K	

Interface – MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service interface. It must match the interface specified in the **Tunnel IP Address** field of MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility.

MNIS ID – the Common Air Interface (CAI) ID of the MNIS in the radio network. The ID is used by other calling radios when addressing MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service. Make sure **MNIS ID** matches the **MNIS Application ID** field (the **General** tab) in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility. It is also recommended that **MNIS ID** should match **Radio ID** in the radioserver slot settings.

MNIS Socket Type MnisControl Interface Interface	Local Socket Iocalhost:5000 192.168.10.2	MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration View Edit Service	e Configuration Utility*
MNIS ID Location Port TMS Port Telemetry Port	1 2 4001 2 4007 2 4008 2	Outitled Outitled	General System Operation Mode Conventional MNIS Application ID 2
		⊕ Çŵ: Linked Capacity Plus ⊕ 🚔 Advanced	Tunnel Network MNIS IP Address 192.168.10.1 Tunnel IP Address 192.168.10.2 1

Location Port – the port where the radioserver will expect GPS data.

TMS Port – the port where the radioserver will expect text messages.

Telemetry Port – the port where the radioserver will expect telemetry data.

The ports should match the ports set in the **TMS UDP PORT**, **Telemetry UDP Port** and **Location Server UDP Port** fields in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility (**Advanced > Network**).



Remote Socket is used when you want to connect more than one network such as Capacity Plus or Linked Capacity Plus to SmartPTT Radioserver. To ensure proper functioning of all connected networks (voice and/or data transmission), each network requires separate MNIS and DDMS services set up and running. At the same time, multiple MNIS and DDMS can't be installed on one PC. To work around this problem, you should install and configure MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility, MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client and MNIS Relay applications on multiple PCs. The number of PCs depends on the number of networks (Capacity Plus or Linked Capacity Plus) connected to SmartPTT Radioserver. Thus, the transmission of voice data from repeaters to SmartPTT Radioserver is carried out directly, and data transfer – via PC with MNIS Relay and the MNIS and DDMS service applications.



In SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, in the **Socket Type** field, select *Remote Socket*. At that, the **Interface** field will turn into **MNIS Relay Address**.

in the set of the set		
Radio Network Services Soc Add-on Modules MN Control Stations MN Provide Stations MN Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus MN Radio Activity Networks Loc NAI Systems Loc NAI Systems Loc NAI Systems Talkgroups Sites Talkgroups Security Settings MNIS Settings	cket Type IIS Control Interface IIS Relay Address IIS ID cation Port IS Port emetry Port	Remote Socket ▼ 192.168.31.71:5000 1 192.168.31.71:8890 1 1 ▼ 4001 ▼ 4007 ▼ 4008 ▼

MNIS Control Interface – the IP address of the PC where MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility is installed.

MNIS Relay Address – the IP address of the PC where MNIS Relay is installed. The **MNIS Control Interface** and **MNIS Relay Address** fields must be equal, except for ports.

Run MNIS Relay and do the the following settings.

MNIS Interface – the interface created by the MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service. The value in this field must match the value in the **Tunnel IP Address** field (the **General** tab) of MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility.

Server Interface – select the IP address of the PC with the MNIS Relay application explicitly, or select *Any* (the service is available from any network interface) or *Loopback* (the service is available from the local interface only).
Port – the port number for the MNIS Relay application. The default value – 8890.

🎯 MnisRelay Settings	В 23 № МО	OTOTRBO Network Interface Service Co	nfiguration Utili	ty Charge and the second		
MnisRelay		Configuration View Edit Service Help				
MNIS Interface: 192.168.10.2 Server Interface: 192.168.37.71 Port: 88	90	3 👢 🖬 🔘 🌘				
		test General General		System Operation Mode MNIS Application ID	Conventional	• • •
Status: Not 1.0.0	i 🔁 📔 🛛	E 🔁 Conventional				
		Capacity Plus Capacity Plus Control Capacity Plus Control Capacity Plus Control Capacity Plus Control Capacity Plus		MNIS IP Address	192.168.10.1	E
Radio Server	MNIS Settings			Suboet Mask	255 255 255 0	
Radio Network Services	Socket Type	Remote Socket	•	Jubriel Mask	233.233.233.0	-
Control Stations	MNIS Control Interface	e 192.168.31.71:5000				A
IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems	MNIS Relay Address	192.168.31.71				
Connect Plus	MNIS ID	1				-
Add Activity Networks	Location Port	4001				.::
Al-Linked Capacity Plus 1	TMS Port	4007				
Step Revealed State Stat	Telemetry Port	4008				

Save the settings in the MNIS Relay application and start the service by clicking

MNIS and DDMS service settings

The following section describes MNIS service settings in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility and DDMS service settings in MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client, which are necessary for proper data transmission over network.

You should configure the following settings in the MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility application:

 In the System Operation Mode field of the General section, select a mode depending on the network type selected in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. If IP Site Connect is used, select *Conventional*. Other modes correspond to the Capacity Plus and Linked Capacity Plus networks.

⊡ ● 12	General
- General - Group List	System Operation Mode Conventional 💌
່ 👸 🖗 🗎 List 1	MNIS Application ID

2. In the **Security** section set the encryption keys that match the keys specified in the radio MOTOTRBO

CPS settings.



- 3. Set up the following parameters in the **Conventional/Capacity Plus/Linked Capacity Plus** sections respectively:
 - IP address and UDP port of the Master repeater in the **Master IP Address** and the **Master IP Port** fields. These values should match the values in the corresponding fields in the Master repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings and in the network settings of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.
 - Authentication key, if it is set in the repeater MOTOTRBO CPS settings.
 - Privacy settings that match repeater encryption settings in MOTOTRBO CPS.



4. It is recommended to clear the **Data Call Confirmed** field in the **Advanced** section and to specify the identifier in the **MNIS LE ID** field explicitly.

E 🛑 12	A	dvanced
General		
Security	Data Call Castinged	
🖻 😑 Group List	Data Call Continined	
👸 🖗 List 1	Compressed UDP Data Header	
🍓 🛱 📑 List 2		
🕀 💼 Conventional	Battery Saver Preamble	<i>s</i>
🕂 🛟 🚱 Capacity Plus	Individual Data to Registered Site	
🗄 ζ 🔅 Linked Capacity Plus		
🖨 🚞 Advanced	TX Preamble Duration (ms)	120 🤤
Network		
- Forwarding Rules	Conventional Channel Access	Nomal
Application Oven		Nomai
	MNIS LE ID	
		Manually Assigned 5195

DDMS operation is closely connected to MNIS for data exchange (MNIS serves as DDMS Watcher). DDMS filteres the registration service packets (ARS), received by the repeater, and information on the radio presence in the network is sent to all systems for further processing. Therefore, when you configure DDMS settings, make sure that:

a) The PortWatcher field in MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client matches the WatcherPort field in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility settings (Advanced > Network).

MOTOTRBO Network Interfa	ce Service Configuration Utility *		🛞 MOTOTREO DDMS
Configuration View Edit	Service Help		File Action Help
*			
D Untitled	ARS Monitor	^	Watcher'Settings Watcher'Settings Watcher'Settings Watcher'Settings Watcher'Settings NotifyGroup 0
- Orran Security ⊡· 🔄 Group List	ARS Monitor ID Ars Ars		Logging NotryHate 5
Conventional Geo Capacity Plus	Device Discovery and Mobility Service		Port Watcher Port listening for Watcher Subscribe requests.
 Linked Capacity Plus Advanced 	Server Address 127.0.0.1		Settings for Watcher interface
- 🚰 Network - 🖙 Forwarding Rules	Watcher Port 3000	=	eening of other mentee

b) The PORT SU field (Interfaces > ARS Settings) in MOTOTRBO DDMS Administrative Client matches the ARS UDP Port field in MOTOTRBO Network Interface Service Configuration Utility (Advanced > Networks).

MOTOTRBO Network Interfac	e Service Configuration Utility *	💰 MOTOTRBO DDMS	
Configuration View Edit	Service Help	File Action Help	
* 1		000	
		Service E ARS S	ettings
🖃 🔵 Untitled	Network	ARS Settings Passive	4005 Mode Ott
- 💷 General		- Watcher Settings Device	RefreshTime 240
- 😏 Security	CAI Network 12 🚔	🔮 Logging Deregis	trationTO 120
🕀 💼 Group List		Persiste	nceTO 12000
🕀 💼 Conventional	CAI Group Network 225 🚔	PortSU	
- 🛟 👁 Capacity Plus		Port listenin	ng for inbound ARS messages.
🕀 🏑 🖉 Linked Capacity Plus	Services	Range: Tu	00 - 60030
🖨 💼 Advanced		Settings for ARS/SU interface	.:
······································		-	
- 🕞 Forwarding Rule	TMS UDP Port 4007		
Application Over			

2.1.8 SIP/RTP Interfaces

Backed up with Cisco special hardware, SmartPTT can operate with cable radio networks. The cable radio network interface allows converting analog voice signals into digital IP packets. So far, we have run successful tests on Cisco 2900 only.

Cable radio networks allow SmartPTT to connect to analog radio systems and other systems supporting cable radio network interfaces. The dispatcher can monitor calls from and to these systems. In this version, only All Calls and Group Calls are supported. Group Calls require additional bridging configurations.

Note. Cable radio network support requires a special license.

To add a cable radio network interface, right-click on SIP/RTP Interfaces, point to Add and click SIP/RTP Interface:



The following window will open:

	SIP/RTP Interface	
Add-on Modules	Active	
Gapacity Plus Systems Connect Plus	Name	SIP/RTP Interface 1
Radio Activity Networks	Network ID	1
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Interface	192.168.37.170 Port 5060
¶_" SIP/RTP gateway ⊕ ■ SmartPTT Radioservers 	Master Peer Address (host:port)	192.168.37.125{5060
& Subscriber Groups ⊕101 Metadata	Start RTP Port	18650
	No Voice Timer, ms	100
	Call Hang Time, ms	3000
	Send KeepAlive timer, ms	5000
	Idle SIP/RTP device disconnect timer, s	15

Active – enables the network.

Name – network name, which will be used in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Network ID – unique ID of the network, which is used inside SmartPTT system. It is important that you have no other network with the same **Network ID**.

Interface – a local IP address which is used as gateway between the radioserver and Cisco hardware. This IP address must also be defined in the Cisco device settings.

Port – port number used for interconnection between the radioserver and Cisco hardware. This port must not be used in any other networks. The default value is *5060*.

Master Peer Address (host:port) – the IP address and port of the SIP/RTP device (Cisco hardware), which is used as the network master peer.

Start RTP port – this is the first RTP port is to be used by the SIP/RTP device for voice channels. The default value is *18650*.

No Voice Timer, ms – time period for which the radioserver reserves the channel for a call session. If during this time period the SIP/RTP device has not sent any voice packet, the radioserver activates **Call Hang Time**.

Call Hang Time, ms – time period during which the radioserver reserves the channel for a call after the end of transmission. During the timeout, only the participants of the call can transmit.

Send KeepAlive timer, ms – time interval for the radioserver to send a special packet (keepalive) to the SIP/RTP device to notify that the radioserver is active and running.

Idle SIP/RTP device disconnect timer, s - time interval when the radioserver waits for a special packet (keepalive) from the SIP/RTP device to notify that the device is active and running. If the radioserver has not received this packet from the SIP/RTP device during this time period, the device gets the Offline status.

2.1.8.1 SIP/RTP gateway

To set up the SIP/RTP gateway, click on SIP/RTP gateway. At that, the following window will open:

⊡	SIP/RTP gateway
Add-on Modules	Active
Connect Plus	Name SIP/RTP gateway
NAI Networks	Local SIP ID 16448250
SIP/RTP Interface 1	Peer ID 1
Smart PTT Radioservers	TX Timeout Timer, s 60
	Disconnect Timeout, s 10
⊕11 Metadata	

Active – enables the SIP/RTP gateway.

Name – any random name of the SIP/RTP gateway. It used only in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Local SIP ID – the identifier of the radioserver. This will be used as a Radio ID by radio subscribers wishing to make the incoming All Call.

Peer ID – the identifier of the Cisco device. This will be used as a Radio ID for outgoing calls.

TX Timeout Timer, s – time period during which the radio can transmit without interruptions. After this time is over, the transmission is interrupted.

Disconnect Timeout, s – time period during which the channel is blocked one way after **TX Timeout Timer** expiration. After this time period is over, the channel becomes available for transmission. While the channel is

blocked, calls going in the opposite direction are not affected.

2.1.9 SmartPTT Radioservers

SmartPTT Bridging service allows joining two radioservers into a single radio network with the help of intelligent means of patching for voice and data streams. Thus, radio subscribers or talkgroups under control of one radioserver become available for another radioserver for voice call and data packet transmissions.



<u>Note:</u> Currently, bridging service between two radioservers is supported only with the IP Site Connect network configuration.

SmartPTT Bridging service allows joining radio networks, managed by two different radioservers, to cover distributed regions. The important advantages of the network are dynamic redirection of private and group calls and data packets from one radioserver to another, short voice delay (60 ms).

How to Configure SmartPTT Radioservers

Configuration of bridging service between two radioservers includes:

- 1. Adding an external radioserver:
 - · basic configuration of the external radioserver
 - · control station configuration of the external radioserver
 - talkgroup configuration
- 2. Activating bridging service
- 3. Configuring bridging settings in SmartPTT Dispatcher

These actions are required for both joined radioservers in the system.

SmartPTT Radioservers

To add a new external radioserver, right-click **SmartPTT Radioservers** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator, point to **Add** and click **SmartPTT Radioserver**.



Configuring SmartPTT Radioserver

To configure the newly added network, click SmartPTT Radioserver 1 under SmartPTT Radioservers. At that,

the following window opens.

Radio Server	SmartPTT Radios	erver	
Addon Modules	Active		
Control Stations	Name	SmartPTT Radioserver 1	
Malio Activity Networks	Network ID	6	
SmartPTT Radioservers	Peer ID	1	
Control Station	Interface	192.168.0.224 - Port	50000 ≑
Talkgroups 	Link Type	Peer •	
& Subscriber Groups & MultiGroups ⊕	Master Radioserver Address (host:port)	192.168.0.142:50000	Test
	Messaging Delay, m	s	60
	Group Call Hang Tin	ne, ms	3000
	Private Call Hang Ti	me, ms	4000
	Emergency Call Han	ng Time, ms	4000
	Authentication Key		
I			



Network ID – unique ID of the SmartPTT radioserver system.

Peer ID – unique ID of the radioserver in the network.

Warning! Peer ID must be unique. No other repeater in this network can have the same ID.

Interface – IP address of the local SmartPTT Radioserver. Specify the IP address of the PC where the radioserver is installed.

Port – a port number associated with an IP address of the local SmartPTT Radioserver.

Warning! Port number must be unique.

Link Type - select the role of the local SmartPTT Radioserver: Peer or Master.

Master Radioserver Address (host:port) – IP address and port of the other SmartPTT Radioserver, which plays the role of the Master in the network.

<u>Note:</u> Select **Master** in the **Link Type** field for one of the radioservers acting as a master, select **Peer** for another. If **Master** is selected in the **Link Type** field, the **Master Radioserver Address** field becomes dimmed. If **Peer** is selected in the **Link Type** field, make sure that the **Master Radioserver Address** field contains the interface and port number of the master repeater, that is the second radioserver.

TX Preamble Duration (ms) – duration of TX preamble.

Messaging Delay (ms) – message exchange delay between repeaters.

Group Call Hang Time (ms) – duration for which the repeater reserves the channel after the end of a group call transmission. During this time, only members of the talkgroup that the channel is reserved for can transmit. After expiration of the group call hang timer, the radio will transmit using the TX contact name (digital group) specified for this channel in MOTOTRBO CPS.

Private Call Hang Time (ms) – duration for which the repeater reserves the channel after the end of a private call transmission. During this time, only members of the private call that the channel is reserved for can transmit. After the hang timer expires, the radio transmits using the TX contact name specified for this channel in MOTOTRBO CPS.

Emergency Call Hang Time (ms) – duration for which the repeater reserves the channel after the end of an emergency call transmission. During this time, only members of the talkgroup that the channel is reserved for can transmit.

Authentication Key – repeater authorization key (to be equal to the Authentication key in MOTOTRBO CPS).

To delete the SmartPTT radioserver, right-click on the selected SmartPTT Radioserver system and choose

Delete.

🚊 📲 SmartPTT Radioservers	
🚊 📲 Smart PTT Radioserver	1
ia	Delete
R Encryption Setti	iyə
🎎 Talkgroups	

Control Station Configuration

To set up the SmartPTT radioserver control station, click **Control Station** under **SmartPTT Radioserver 1** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the following window opens.

E	SmartPTT Control Station				
Radio Network Services	Active				
Add-on Modules	Name	Control Station			
⊕ Connect Plus 	Radio ID	1			
MAI Systems SIP/RTP Interfaces	CAI Network	12			
Smart PTT Radioservers	CAI Network for Groups	225			
Control Station	Allow Telephone Interc	connect			
Security Settings	TX Time-Out Timer, s	60			
— Ceти Perseus Densfler	Options				
Subscriber Groups	Emergency alarm con	fimed			
😥 👘 Metadata	Allow trapsmit internin	<i>*</i>			
		1.			
	Compressed UDP dat	a header			
	Confirmed Events				
	Private calls				
	Data calls				

Name – virtual control station name.

Radio ID – ID of a virtual control station of the network.

CAI Network – CAI-network ID. Use default value of 12.

CAI Network for Groups – CAI-network for groups ID. Use default value of 225.

Allow Telephone Interconnect – allow telephone interconnect on the channel.

TX Time-Out Timer, sec – continuous radio transmission timeout. After this time the transmission is interrupted.

Emergency alarm confirmed – determines if the emergency alarm is allowed to be acknowledged.

Allow transmit interrupt – enables or disables the ability to interrupt a radio subscriber.

Compressed UDP data header – enabling this item reduces delays data transmissions.

Private calls – this feature sets private calls on the current digital channel as confirmed.

Data calls – this feature enables individual packets in data calls (ARS, GPS and Text Message) on the current digital channel or personality to be confirmed.

Configuring Talkgroups

To configure talkgroups, click **Talkgroups** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. At that, the **Control Station Talkgroups** window opens.



<u>Note:</u> Configuration process of SmartPTT Radioserver control station talkgroups for this network is similar to the configuration of control station talkgroups (see <u>Control Station > Talkgroups</u>).

Bridging Service

To activate the bridging service, click **Bridging** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. In the opened window select the **Active** check box (see the <u>Bridging</u> section in the Help of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator).

Bridging Service in SmartPTT Dispatcher

To set up the redirection of voice calls and data packets correctly, configure routes, route groups and profiles for the bridging service in SmartPTT Dispatcher. For more information see Bridging in the Help file of SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Example

The following example presents bridging configuration between two radioservers. Each of them works with the IP Site Connect network topology.

User 1 (in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator) makes the settings for direct connection of the radioserver to repeaters' network, functioning in IP Site Connect system (**Network ID** = 1).

The IP address and port number of the master repeater must be specified in the **Master Repeater Address** field (the example displays connection settings only with one repeater).

In the Interface field select the IP address of the virtual repeater in the network with Network ID = 1.

🖃 📲 Radio Server	NAI Network		
	Active		
Control Stations Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks	Name Network ID Peer ID	NAI Network 1	
		[[- 50000
R Encryption Settings	Interface	192.168.37.71	▼ Port 50000 荣
Slot 111_2	Master Repeater Address (host:port)	192.168.7.111:50000	Test
Talkgroups MNIS/DDMS Settings	Authentication Key		
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Network Type	IP Site Connect	•
	Connection Type	Voice Data	Monitoring
	Repeaters	V	\checkmark
	Control Stations		

Radioserver	r
-------------	---

Slot and group settings for IP Site Connect network with **Network ID = 1**:

Slot			Slot			
Active			Active			
Name	Slot 111_1		Name	Slot 111_2]
Radio ID	16448250	NAI Network 111	Radio ID	16448250		twork 111
CAI Network CAI Network for Groups	12 225	Slot 111_1 Generation Settings Slot 111_2 S	CAI Network CAI Network for Groups	12 225		Encryption Settings Talkgroups
		Talkgroups				Talkgroups
Control Station Tal	kgroups	Millio, 5 5 his counge	Control Station Ta	lkgroups		137 D'D'M'S Scalings
All Calls			All Calls			
Add Re	Copy	Paste	Add	Co	py Paste	
Name	ID		Name		ID	
All Call(Slot 111_1)			All Call(Slot 111_2)			
Group1 (Slot 111_1)	1		Group3 (Slot 111_2)		3	
Group2 (Slot 111_1)	2		Group4 (Slot 111_2)		4	

User 2 also configures the IP Site Connect network connection (**Network ID** = 2) in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator. Fill in the **Master Repeater Address** and the **Interface** fields with data corresponding to the network with **Network ID** = 2.

Radio Server	NAI Network					
⊕	Active					
Control Stations	Name	NAI Netwo	ırk 211			
Radio Activity Networks	Network ID	2				
NAI Network 211	Peer ID	1				
Encryption Settings	Interface	192.168.0	.186 🗸 🔻	Port	50000	
Slot 211_2	Master Repeater Address (host:port)	192.168.7.	211:50000		Test	
Talkgroups MNIS/DDMS Settings	Authentication Key					
SIP/RTP Interfaces	Network Type	IP Site Cor	nnect			•
	Connection Type	Voice	Data	Monitoring		
	Repeaters	V	V	1		
	Control Stations					

Slot and talkgroup settings for IP Site Connect network with **Network ID =** 2:

Slot				Slot			
Active			_	Active			
Name	Slot 211_1			Name	Slot 211_2		
Radio ID	16448250	NAI Net	work 2111	Radio ID	16448250	⊨ <mark>nan NAI N</mark>	etwork 2111 ot 211 1
CAI Network	12		Encryption Settings	CAI Network	12],] [-?	Encryption Settings
CAI Network for Groups	225	⊡°° Slot	Talkgroups 211_2 Encryption Settings	CAI Network for Groups	225		t 211_2 t Encryption Settings
Control Station Tall	kgroups		Talkgroups S/DDMS Settings	Control Station Ta	lkgroups		NIS/DDMS Settings
All Calls				All Calls			
Add	emove Copy	Paste		Add	Remove	Copy Paste	
Name		ID		Name		ID	
All Call(Slot 211_1)				All Call(Slot 211_2)			
Group1 (Slot 211_1)		1		Group1 (Slot 211_2))	3	
Group2 (Slot 211_1)		2		Group2 (Slot 211_2))	4	

Next, *user 1* adds the SmartPTT radioserver (Radioserver 111) with the **Master** link type and chooses the corresponding IP address in the **Interface** field of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

User 2 also adds the SmartPTT radioserver (Radioserver 211) and defines its connection type as a **Peer**. **Master Radioserver Address** is filled with the IP address and port number according to the **Interface** and **Port** values of the **Master**.



Settings for control station and its talkgroups of the radioservers:

SmartPTT Contr	ol Station	Control Station Talkgroups	
Active		All Calls	
Name	Control Station 111	Add Remove Copy Paste	
Radio ID	111	Name ID	
CAI Network	12	All Call (CS 111)	
CAI Network for	225	Group1 (CS 111) 1	
Jser 2			
SmartPTT Contro	ol Station	Control Station Talkgroups	
Active		All Calls	
Active Name	Control Station 211	All Calls Add Remove Copy Paste	
☑ Active Name Radio ID	Control Station 211 211	All Calls Add Remove Copy Paste Name ID	
 Active Name Radio ID CAI Network 	Control Station 211 211 12	All Calls Add Remove Copy Paste Name ID All Call (CS211)	
Active Active Name Radio ID CAI Network CAI Network for	Control Station 211 211 12 225	All Calls Add Remove Copy Paste Name ID All Call (CS 211) Group1 (CS 211) 1	

After that, both user 1 and user 2 activate the bridging service in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

To apply settings, click **Save** and restart the service in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator (for user 1 and user 2).

In the SmartPTT Dispatcher application of *user 1* (Master), a radio with the **IP address** = 12.0.0.95 is registered at Slot 111_1. The SmartPTT radioserver (*user 2*) with its radios and talkgroups is shown in the *user 1* system as Control Station 111. In SmartPTT Dispatcher of *user 2*, a radio with the **IP address** = 12.0.1.148 is registered at Slot 211_1. SmartPTT radioserver (*user 1*) in respect to *user 2* is displayed as Control Station 211.

Us	ser 1					User 2					
	Onlir	ne Subscrib	ers		•	Online Subscribers 🔹					
	Object	Мар	Status				Object	Map	Status		
-	Radioserver 111			>	>	- 🔋 Radiose	erver 211				»
	- 🝶 Control Station 111			PTT >	>	- 🝶 Con	trol Station 211			PTT	»
	ီ Group1 (CS 111)			PTT 🗙	>	~ (Group1 (CS 211)			PTT	»
	ီ Group2 (CS 111)	←		PTT 🗙	>		Group2 (CS 211)			PTT	»
	12.0.0.211		(empty)	PTT 🛪	>	1	12.0.0.111		(empty)	PTT	»
	12.0.1.148		(empty)	PTT >	>	1	12.0.0.95		(empty)	PTT	»
	- 🝶 Slot 111_1			PTT 🛪	>	- 🝶 Slot	211_1			PTT	»
	ီ Group1 (Slot 111_1)		L		>		Group1 (Slot 211_1)			PTT	»
	ီ Group2 (Slot 111_1)			PTT 🛪	>	* c	Group2 (Slot 211_1)			PTT	»
	12.0.0.95		(empty)	PTT 🛪	>	1	12.0.1.148		(empty)	PTT	»
	- 🗂 Slot 111_2			PTT >	>	- 🝶 Slo	t 211_2			PTT	»
	ီ Group3 (Slot 111_2)			PTT 🗙	>	2	Group3 (Slot: 211_2)			PTT	»
	粘 Group4 (Slot 111_2)			PTT >	>	4	Group4 (Slot 211_2)			PTT	»

In SmartPTT Dispatcher of *user 1* set up the bridging service of voice calls and data. To do this, create a group with routes to redirect calls of all types in duplex mode (from Slot 111_1 and Slot 111_2 to Control Station 111). Make this route group active.

B	ridging	j Conf	figuration						×
F	Radiose Profile: Routes: + Ad	erver: Id Gro	Radioserver 111 Bridging 111 <-> 211 All Active	hange Profile	Save	Save As			
	Ac	tive	Route Group						Show Details
	■ [R	✓ outes	111 <> 211						Hide Details
		N≘	Source Network	Source	Direction	Destination Network	Target		
		12	IP Site Connect 111 - Slot 111_1	All	+	Radioserver 111 - Control Station 111	All		
		13	IP Site Connect 111 - Slot 111_2	All	+	Radioserver 111 - Control Station 111	All		
								r	Apply Close

Make similar settings in SmartPTT Dispatcher for user 2.

Bridg	ing Con	figuration						×
Radio Profi Rout	oserver: le: es: Add Gro	Radioserver 211 Bridging 211 <-> 111 Cha All Active Dup Chit Group Deleter	inge Profile	Save	Save As			
	Active	Route Group					*	Show Details
	Routes	211 ↔ 111 5						Hide Details
	N≘	Source Network	Source	Direction	Destination Network	Target		
	1	IP Site Connect 211 - Slot 211_1	All	+	Radioserver 211 - Control Station 211	All		
	2	IP Site Connect 211 - Slot 211_2	All	++	Radioserver 211 - Control Station 211	All		
							•	Apply

System verification:

1. User 1 makes a private call to the radio registered in the system of user 2.

User 1 (an outgoing call):



User 2 (incoming call, a radio has a corresponding indication about the incoming call):



2. A group call is initiated by the radio registered in the system of user 2.

The radio, registered in the network of *user 2*, makes a group call. In this case, the group call is redirected to the appropriate group of Control Station 111 (*user 1*).

User 2:

			44	Google Map X
	alls		~	Radioserver 211 / Control Station 211 / Group1 (CS 211)
Group1 (CS 211) Incoming call			PTT	Nev 12.0.0.95 Illinois Kansas City
Sound Online S	Spectrum Subscribers		▲ ▼	San Frincisco California 9 42 55 AUX - Group Call (5 sec.) 9 42 55 AUX - Group Call (2 12 0.0 55 (2 sec.) 9 43 35 AUX - Group Call
Object	Мар	Status		Arkansas
- 🖪 Radioserver 211			>>	Los Angeles 🦂 🧤 Type text and press Enter 🔶 🛛
- 🝶 Control Station 211			PTT »	San D Fort Worth o O Dallas
粘 Group1 (CS 211)			PTT ≫	Juarez
鵗 Group2 (CS 211)			PTT »	Austin
12.0.0.111		(empty)	PTT »	San Antonio Houston
12.0.0.95		(empty)	PTT »	Chinuahua"
- 🝶 Slot 211_1			PTT »	Guttor
粘 Group1 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »	California Monterrey Guil of
半 Group2 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »	Mexico Mexico
12.0.1.148		(empty)	PTT »	México
- 📓 Slot 211_2			PTT »	



	H Google Map ×	Kin Strandar Good
Calls	Radioserver 211 / Control Station 211 / Group1 (CS 211) 👘 💥	
Group1 (CS 211) Incoming call	T Nev 12.0.95	Kansas City
Sound Spectrum Online Subscribers		Missouri St. Louis
Object Map Status		Arkansas
- Radioserver 211	Los Angeles to Angeles Type text and press Enter	Mississin
- 📓 Control Station 211 PTT	San D Fort Worth C	Dallas
K Group1 (CS 211)	>> Juarez	ALL ALL
CS 211) PTT	»	S MAY HA
12.0.0.111 (empty) PT	»	Houston
12.0.0.95 (empty) PTT	> Chihuahua	
- 🝶 Slot 211_1 PTT	> Gutt of	
L Group1 (Slot 211_1)	Scalifornia Monterrey	Gulf of
L Group2 (Slot 211_1)	×	Mexico
12.0.1.148 (empty) PTT	»	
- 🛃 Slot 211_2 PTT	»	

3. A private call from the radio, listed in the system of *user 2*, to the radio of *user 1*.

User 2:

🏥 👗 👗			**	Google Map X	
	Calls			12.0.1.148 - Online	* *
12.0.1.148 Incoming call			PTT	Nevad Sacramento	211 Illinois Kansas City Missouri St. Louis
Sound	Spectrum			San California 9:44:13 AM > Online 9:44:13 AM > Online	
Online	Subscribers			9:44:13 AM > Offline 9:44:13 AM > Online	
Object	Мар	Status		9:44:13 AM > Private Call, 12.	0.0.95 Arkansas
- 🖪 Radioserver 211			>>		
- 🛁 Control Station 211			PTT »	San Dieg	🛛 🚺 💽 📲 🔘 🍑 Dallas
粘 Group1 (CS 211)			PTT »	Type text and	press Enter
粘 Group2 (CS 211)			PTT »		Austin
12.0.0.111		(empty)	PTT »		San Antonio O
12.0.0.95		(empty)	PTT »		Chihuahua
- 🝶 Slot 211_1			PTT »	Gult of	
粘 Group1 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »	California	Monterrey Guil of
粘 Group2 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »		Mexico
12.0.1.148		(empty)	PTT »		México
- 🝶 Slot 211_2			PTT »		



.ii 👗 💑 🛋 🕠 🛛		**	Google Map ×		Nebraska
	Calls	~		12.0.1.148 - Online	
12.0.1.148 Incoming call		PTT	o Sacramento	Radioserver 111 Control Station 111	PTT nsas City Missouri St Louis
So	ound Spectrum	•	San Francisco California	4.45.42 PM > Offline	
		4) U	Las V Los Angeles	4.45.42 PM > Online 4.45.43 PM > Offine 4.45.53 PM > Private Call, 12.0.0.95 4.45.58 PM > Online	= Arkansas
On	line Subscribers	v	San Diego	🐦 🖬 🞧 🚳 🚳 🖬 🖬 😽 🐜	🐌 🚱
Object	Map Status		17		
- 🔋 Radioserver 111		>>	1	Type text and press Enter	
- 🝶 Control Station 111		PTT »>			Houston Louisiana
ង Group1 (CS 111)		PTT »		Chihuahua	Antonio o
🚜 Group2 (CS 111)		PTT ≫			
12.0.0.211	(empty)	PTT »		Guit of California Mo	nterrev
12.0.1.148	(empty)	PTT »			Gulf of Mexico
- 🝶 Slot 111_1		PTT »		México	
🚜 Group1 (Slot 111_1)		PTT ≫		the Area	K K
👗 Group2 (Slot 111_1)		PTT »		Guadalajara	Santiago de OMér
12.0.0.95	(empty)	PTT »			Querétaro
- 🝶 Slot 111_2		PTT »		c de N	liudad de Zaragoza

4. A call from the control station of *user 1* to the control station of *user 2*.

User 1:



User 2:



To redirect only group calls between two radioservers without setting up routes in SmartPTT Dispatcher, create multigroups with the list of radios, that support group call bridging in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator (for both radioservers). For more details see the Multigroups section in the Help of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.



The following example demonstrates a call to Group 1. Group 1 corresponds to the created Multigroup 1 with the a list of radios – 95 (**IP address** = 12.0.0.95) and 404 (**IP address** = 12.0.1.148). The radio with the **IP address** = 12.0.1.148 (**ID** = 404) initiates a group call. The radio with the **IP address** = 12.0.0.95 (**ID** = 95) is also able to participate in the call due to Multigroup 1.

User 2:

			44	Google Map X		
النبيا لقيا المعا النبيا	alls		~	+		Nebraska
Group1 (CS 211)					Radioserver 211 / Control Station 211 / Group1 (CS_211)	HI X
Incoming call			PTT	Nevada	12.0.0.95	Kansas City
				o Sacramento		PTT Missouri St. Louis
Sound	Spectrum		A	San California		
Online S	ubscribers			La	9:51:53 AM >> Group Call, 12.0.0.95 (1 sec.)	
Object	Мар	Status			9:52:10 AM > Group Call 9:52:10 AM >> Group Call, 12.0.0.95 (1 sec.)	Arkansas
- 🖥 Radioserver 211			>>	Los Angeles	9:52:11 AM >> Group Call, 12.0.0.95 (2 sec.)	
- 🚄 Control Station 211			PTT »	San Diego	Type text and press Enter	Mississipp
ီ Group1 (CS 211)			PTT »	V.		Tavas
📇 Group2 (CS 211)			PTT »	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		Austin
12.0.0.111		(empty)	PTT »		San	Antonio
12.0.0.95		(empty)	PTT »	1	Chindanua	
- 🛁 Slot 211_1			PTT »		Guilton	
粘 Group1 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »		Cairronnia	Gulf of
粘 Group2 (Slot 211_1)			PTT »			Mexico
12.0.1.148		(empty)	PTT »		Mexico	
- 🚄 Slot 211_2			PTT »			

User 1:



2.1.10 Security Settings

SmartPTT supports three types of privacy mechanisms – Basic, Enhanced, and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). Both Basic and Enhanced Privacy utilize Motorola proprietary algorithms and therefore are not

interoperable with other vendor's privacy offerings. The main differences between Basic and Enhanced Privacy are that the Enhanced Privacy provides higher level of protection by means of 40-bit key length. Enhanced Privacy supports multiple keys in a radio compared to one key in the case of Basic Privacy.

The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) is a specification for the encryption of electronic data established by the U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The AES feature supports 256-bit key length, unlike Enhanced Privacy. Similar to Enhanced Privacy, the AES also supports multiple keys. For AES encryption a special license is required.

The **Security Settings** window allows you to specify the encryption keys for incoming and outgoing traffic on the digital channel.

Radio Server	Security Settings
	Copy
Control Stations	
🔁 📲 Connect Plus	Basic Privacy
NAI Networks	Key 1
NAI Network 1	Enhanced Privacy
Slot 1	Add Remove
	Key ID Key Velue
Talkgroups	
MNIS/DDMS Settings	2 0987654321
SIP/RTP Interfaces	
SmartPTT Radioservers	
Subscriber Groups	
	AES
🗄 👘 Metadata	Add Remove
	Key ID Key Value
	1 123456789123456
	2 654221907654221
	2 034321367034321
	TX Privacy
	Type AES (DMR) Key ID 1

Copy – copy encryption settings of the channel to the clipboard.

Paste – paste encryption settings of the channel from the clipboard.

Basic Privacy

Key – a key for the basic encryption mode. The value ranges from *1* to *255*. Make sure that **Key** set in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator matches **Basic Privacy Key** set in radio settings in MOTOTRBO CPS.

If basic encryption keys of receiving and transmitting side do not match, the receiving side hears only a distorted voice.



Enhanced Privacy

To add an enhanced privacy key, click **Add**. To edit the key, click the cell that contains the key you want to edit and type the new value. To delete a key, select the key from the list and click **Remove**.

Key ID and **Key Value** must match the values set in the radio settings in MOTOTRBO CPS. If the values in the **Key ID** fields are the same, but the values in the **Key Value** fields do not match, the receiving side hears only a distorted voice. If the key identifier receiving side does not coincide with one of the key identifiers in the list of the transmitting side, then transfer to the receiving party will not be heard.



AES

To add an AES privacy key, click **Add**. To edit the key, click the cell that contains the key you want to edit and type the new value. To delete a key, select the key from the list and click **Remove**.

Key ID and **Key Value** must match the values set in the radio settings in MOTOTRBO CPS and in MNIS Configuration Utility. If the values in the **Key ID** fields are the same, but the values in the **Key Value** fields do not match, the receiving side hears only a distorted voice. If the key identifier of the receiving side does not coincide with one of the key identifiers in the list of the transmitting side, then transfer to the receiving party will not be heard.

🖃 📲 Radio Server	Security Settings
🗄 🛫 Radio Network Services	
🗄 📲 🥵 Add-on Modules	Copy Paste
Control Stations	
Connect Plus	Basic Privacy
Radio Activity Networks	Key 1
NAI Networks	i vi vi
NAI Network 1	Enhanced Privacy
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	
Security Settings	Add Remove
Talkgroups	Key ID Key Value
Slot 2	
Security Settings	1 1234567890
	2 0987654321
MNIS/DDMS Settings	
SIP/RTP Interfaces	
SmartPTT Radioservers	
🗄 🔊 🔊 🗿 💮	
Subscriber Groups	
	AFS
🕀 🚽 🗾 Metadata	
	Add Remove
	Key ID Key Value
	1 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012
	2 1123456789012345678901234567890
	TV Privacy
	Type ALS (Symmetric Key) ▼ Key ID 1 ▼

TX Privacy

Type – allows you to select encryption mode on the side of SmartPTT Dispatcher.

If No is set, radioserver does not support outbound traffic encryption.

If *Basic* is set, the key specified in the **Key** field in the **Basic Privacy** section is used for encryption of outgoing traffic.

If *Enhanced* is set, specify the **Key ID** value from the **Enhanced Privacy** table, which will be used to encrypt outbound traffic.

Select AES (Legacy Key) or AES (Symmetric Key), with the required **Key ID**, if you want to use AES (Legacy Key) or AES (Symmetric Key) for outgoing traffic. If TX Privacy is not set, and you have AES encryption for incoming traffic, AES (Symmetric Key) will be used for incoming traffic by default.

AES (Legacy Key) – AES encryption (Motorola Solutions implementation, MOTOTRBO firmware earlier than R2.4).

AES (Symmetric Key) – AES encryption (DMR-compliant implementation, MOTOTRBO firmware R2.4 and later).

⊡	Security Settings
🗄 🛷 Radio Network Services	
Add-on Modules	Copy
Control Stations	
Connect Plus	Basic Privacy
	Kev 1 🚔
NAI Networks	
🖮 📷 NAI Network 1	Enhanced Privacy
j°° Slot 1	Add Remove
🔤 🥼 Talkgroups	Key ID Key Value
Slot 2	1 1234567890
Security Settings	
	2 0987654321
SIP/PTP Interfaces	
Subscriber Groups	
MultiGroups	450
Hetadata	AES
	Add Remove
	Key ID Key Value
	1 123456789012345678901234567890
	2 098/654321098/654321AABBCCDDEEFF123456/890
	TX Privacy
	Type (AES (Symmetric Rey) V Rey ID 2

2.2 Profiles

SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator allows creating permission profiles. The permission profiles are used to limit operator access to objects managed by SmartPTT Radioserver (control stations, talkgroups, services, IP Site Connect slots), and to provide additional opportunities in the organization of calls between dispatchers and radio subscribers.

To create a profile right-click **Profiles** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator and click **Add**.

At that, the following window opens.



Name – the profile name.

The **Limit Radios to Service** area was designed to manage the number of radios allowed for this profile. Here the user can specify which radios are to be controlled by the profile and which are not.

To make this functionality active select **Enabled**. Then, in the **Allowed radio ID's** field, enter the ID's of the radios which are to be controlled by the profile.

Warning! All the radios whose ID's were not specified will be ignored by SmartPTT system.

The following scheme shows how it works:



This is how this scheme can be presented in the table:

Call From	Call To				
	Allowed group	Unallowed group	Allowed radio	Unallowed radio	Dispatcher
Unallowed radio	allowed	Not allowed	allowed	Not allowed	Not allowed
Allowed radio	allowed	Not allowed	allowed	allowed	allowed
Dispatcher	allowed	Not allowed	allowed	Not allowed	allowed

<u>Note:</u> When adding allowed radios make sure that the same radios are specified in **Radioserver** > <u>Limit</u> <u>Radios</u> <u>to Service</u>. Otherwise, the radios not registered in both lists will be regarded as unallowed.

Upwards and downwards arrows are used for changing the order of head elements in the list. This order will be applied in SmartPTT Dispatcher, if this profile is used.

In the central list you can select all the elements which are to be controlled by the operator with this profile. If there is more than one operator on the same channel, set unique **ID** for each operator. This will allow radio subscribers to make private calls to particular operators, dialing the specified ID.

In Capacity Plus and Linked Capacity Plus configurations based on NAI protocol, when using control stations

reserved for dispatcher private calls, a new parameter **Reserved Control Station** appears and the **ID** value matches the reserved control station **ID** automatically:



Private Calls between Subscribers, if enabled, allows the dispatcher to hear private calls among radio subscribers, read their messages. This feature is available for networks with direct connection to repeater, e.g., IP Site Connect, Capacity Plus.

To allow the dispatcher to make an all or group call, select the corresponding check box. To allow the dispatcher to use services like ARS, GPS, TMS, telemetry, select the corresponding check boxes.

Save changes and restart the server to apply the new profile.

Note: Profile assignment is carried out in the dispatch console under Settings > Radioservers.

2.3 Subscriber Groups

Subscriber groups are used in many places, for example, to organize dynamic bridging of private calls, or to control telephone calls, or to set different location update intervals.

To add subscriber groups, click **Subscriber Groups** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator window. At that, **Subscriber Groups** window is displayed on the right.

Badio Server	Subscriber Groups	
Add-on Modules	Sample List of Subscribers for Group: 1,5,10-20	
Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks	Add Remove	
	Group Name	Subscribers
	Drivers_Group 1	12-22
	Drivers_Group 2	122-132
ia <mark>ji</mark> Metadata	Operators	100-107

Group Name – subscriber group name.

Subscriber IDs – the list of radio IDs, which will be included in the created group.

Dynamic routing is configured in SmartPTT Dispatcher in the **Route** window.

Route		×
	Route Number	
	8	
Source Control Station	Route Type Destination Control Station	
Automatically	Dynamic Automatically	
Subscriber Group		
Engineers Group 1	v	
	OK Cancel	:)

Select Dynamic in the Route Type list. Select the group in Subscriber Group list.

Note: Routing configuration is described in details in SmartPTT Dispatcher help (Bridging).

2.4 Metadata

To provide several dispatch consoles with one consistent list of subscribers it was decided to keep subscriber metadata, e.g., radio ID, radio subscriber name, and whether it supports GPS or not. This data appears in SmartPTT Dispatcher automatically as soon as the radioserver is up and running. This refers only to online radios. If a radio is offline and is added to the <u>Subscribers</u> list, it won't appear in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

To create the database for subscribers metadata, select Metadata in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator:

Radio Server	Metadata
Add-on Modules	✓ Active
Control Stations	Creating Metadata Database
Radio Activity Networks	Server Name: localhost\SQLExpress
SmartPTT Radioservers	Database Name: Metadata
	Create New Database
Hetadata	Authorization Mode: Windows NT Authorization
Automatic Database Backup	Login:
	Password:
	Check Connection
	Restoring Database Backup
	Restore Database

Type in the **Server Name** and the **Database Name** fields, and click **Create New Database**. If creation is successful, a message about successful database creation is displayed. If a database is not created, the cause of failure will be displayed at the bottom of the window.

<u>Note:</u> For the database server installed together with the radioserver enter the name using the following format: *Name of computer*(*SQLExpress*) (for example, *MYCOMP*(*SQLExpress*)).

Select Authorization Mode between the two:

SQL Server Authorization – you must have the login name and password of the account with SQL server access.

Windows NT Authorization – the user who has logged into the Windows system, must be listed in the SQL server's list of users to make connection.

Click **Check Connection**. In case of successful authorization the message "The connection is established successfully!" is displayed. If authorization fails, the cause will be displayed at the bottom of the window.

To restore the database from the backup folder, select the required database backup file in **Restoring Database Backup** and click **Restore Database**. Note: To set up the auto backup of the database, go to the Automatic Database Backup window.

2.4.1 Subscribers

To add subscriber metadata, select Subscribers:



ID Input Format – allows you to select the radio ID format to use.

To add a radio to the list, click on **Add**. At that, a window for entering the radio ID opens up. The ID format depends on the selection in the **ID Input Format** section. In the **Subscriber Name** column enter the name of the added radio subscriber. In the **GPS** column select whether the radio supports GPS.

To delete the radio subscriber from the database, select it in the list and click on Remove.

Click **Save** to keep changes and restart the radioserver to see the newly added radio subscribers in the dispatch console.

2.4.2 Automatic Database Backup

Backing up data on a regular basis helps to protect it from being erased in case of the server hardware or software failure. SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator allows user to back up the metadata database automatically.
In order to set up automatic backup schedule of the metadata, select **Automatic Database Backup** under **Metadata** in the setting tree of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

E- Madio Server	Automatic Database Backup
	✓ Active
Control Stations	Backup Folder
Connect Plus	C:\Documents and Settings\ShmelevaNE\Рабочий стол\Backup
NAI Networks	Backup Settings
SmartPTT Radioservers	🔿 Daily
	🔘 Weekly
🖻 🕡 Metadata	
Automatic Database Backup	Monthly Repeat on 1 🗢 day of month
	with interval 1 🤤 month
	Time: 15:00 📚
	Backup Period
	Start Date: 09/01/2014 💌
	End Date: 🔿 10/01/2014 💌
	No End Date

Active – select the check box to enable the ability to create database backups in the automatic mode.

Backup Folder – full path to the file for saving the database backup.

Backup Settings – schedule for creating the current database backup:

- Daily every fixed day at the specified time (for example, every day, every third day at 9:00 a.m.).
- Weekly every fixed day of the week at the specified time (for example, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:00 p.m.).
- Monthly once a month on the fixed day of the selected month and at the specified time.

Backup Period – allows you to set time period when automatic database backup is to be made according to the selected backup settings.

<u>Note:</u> The number of stored backup files in the same folder is limited to 3. Otherwise, when creating a new copy, the old files are deleted.

2.5 Rules

SmartPTT Radioserver allows setting rules to perform automatic actions (playback sounds, send messages, play

predefined voice notifications) based on conditions specified in the **Rules** tab in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

To set up rules, open the **Rules** tab in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Rules		
Events on radios	Events on Dispatcher	
[:] 🖶 Add 🔎 Modify 🗙 Dele	te	
Active Name		
Rule 1		
Rule 2		

Events on radios – allows to specify conditions for rules related to the subscriber radios.

Events on Dispatcher – allows to specify conditions for rules related to SmartPTT Dispatcher.

To create a new rule for events on radios, click **Events on radios** and then click **Add**. To change the existing rule, click **Modify** or double-click on the rule name in the list of rules.

Rule	
Name:	Rule 1
Active:	
Direction:	Equals
Event Type:	✓ Equals Alam
Date:	
Additional Information:	
Control Station:	
Talkgroup:	
Subscriber:	
Status:	
Duration:	
Actions	
Play Sound:	
Send Message:	Alam
Send To:	Example: 1-99, 150
 Subscriber 	1-30
Talkgroup	
	Send Message To Initiator
Start Voice Notification:	
Stop Current Voice Notification:	Any 👻
	Save Cancel

Name – any name of the rule.

Active – if selected, the rule will be used in the system.

Conditions define criteria of the rule.

Condition name	Operation	Value
Direction	Equals	Incoming, Outgoing

Condition name	Operation	Value
Event Type	Equals, Not Equals	ARS, Call, Message, Telemetry,
		Alarm, Status, Block
Date	In Interval	Period of time
Additional Information	Equals, Contains	Type event additional information,
		e. g. text messages, titles and
		description of tasks, talkers from
		a group call.
Control Station	Equals, Contains	Control station name
Subscriber	Equals, Not Equals	Subscriber ID
Talkgroup	Equals, Contains	Talkgroup name
Status	Equals, Not Equals	Status from the list of statuses
Duration	Equals, Not Equals, Greater, Greater than o	Duration of time (seconds)
	Equal, Less, Less than or Equal, In Interval	

Rule	
Name: Active:	Rule 2
Connection to Radioser	ver: Lost Timeout (s): 10
Actions Play Sound:	
Send Message: Send To:	Example: 1 - 99, 150
 Subscriber Talkgroup 	2-14
Start Voice Notification: Stop Current Voice Notification:	 □ ▼ □ Any ▼
	Save Cancel

Connection to Radioserver – if *Lost* is selected, the system performs predefined actions when the connection between SmartPTT Radioserver and the last dispatch console is terminated. If *Restored* is selected, the system performs predefined actions when the first dispatch console connects SmartPTT Radioserver.

Timeout (s) – time period in seconds, after which the SmartPTT Radioserver performs actions defined under the **Actions** area.

Under Actions you can define actions, which the system will perform when the rule conditions are fulfilled:

- **Play Sound** when selected, you can specify the path to the folder with the audio file to play, and select a subscriber or a talkgroup to who you want it to be sent. Supported audio file format is WAV.
- Send Message when selected, there is a field for short text messages, options defining text message recipients (Subscriber or Talkgroup, specified by ID and Channel), and the Send Message to Initiator option.

Note: The Send Message to Initiator option is available only for Events on radios.

• Start Voice Notification – when selected, you can specify the notification to play (to learn how to create a voice notification, see <u>Voice Notifications</u>). If the rule conditions were fulfilled at the moment when the operator played a voice notification, the voice notification specified in the rule actions won't play. To avoid this, select **Stop Current Voice Notification**. You can also specify which notification must be stopped.

2.6 Activity

The Activity tab displays events going on the radio network. Mostly, it is used for debugging purposes, but it can

be useful for Administrators too.

To open Activity, click in the Activity tab in SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator.

Acti	vity			
V Auto Scroll				
Filter	5)	Locations (GPS)	Calls (Call)	×
Messages (TMS)		Telemetry (Tel)	Other (Other)	All Events
Date/Time	Туре	Control Station	Event	
2/6/2014 12:26:38	Other	IP Site Connect 1 - Slot 1	Connected	
2/6/2014 12:26:38	Other	IP Site Connect 1 - Slot 2	Connected	
2/6/2014 12:28:35	Other	IP Site Connect 1 - Slot 1	Disconnected	
2/6/2014 12:28:35	Other	IP Site Connect 1 - Slot 2	Disconnected	
2/6/2014 12:29:07	Other	Control Station 1	Connected	

There are six types of monitored events:

- 1. Registration
- 2. Messages
- 3. Location
- 4. Telemetry
- 5. Calls
- 6. Other (includes connection or disconnection of slots or control stations)

Select an event to monitor it.

Date/Time – date and time of the event.

Type – one of the six event types.

Control Station – source of the event.

Event – short description of the event and its status.

Auto Scroll - by default the list of monitored events scrolls down to the latest recording. If you want to switch off

the automatic scrolling, unselect this option.

The **Clear Event Log** button deletes all the records of the registered events and cleans the log.

2.7 Client List

The Client List tab shows the list of dispatch consoles connected to the radioserver.

To open the Client List, click in the Client List tab.

	Client List			
Client Name	Address	Connect Time	Profile	
Admin	192.168.0.224:53823	5/7/2013 11:26:30 AM		

To connect the dispatch console to the radioserver, go to the **Settings > Radioservers** in SmartPTT Dispatcher and select the radioserver to which you want to be connected. At that, in the **Client List** tab of SmartPTT Radioserver Configurator the connected dispatch console will show up.

Client Name - name of the dispatch console. It is always a "Dispatcher".

Address – the IP address of the dispatch console.

Connect Time – time of the last session.

Profile – assigned profile to the dispatcher.

<u>Note:</u> Profiles are assigned in SmartPTT Dispatcher under **Settings > Radioservers**. For more information about profiles see <u>Profiles</u> in the Help document.

2.8 Network Configuration

In the **Network Configuration** tab you can set up elements of the networks used in the system. The added elements will be displayed in the **Topology** tab of SmartPTT Dispatcher. You can also set up sending of alarm notifications to predefined addresses.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Net	work Configuration Log Export/Import Settings Statistics
IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems NAI - IP Site Connect 1 Condon Connect 1 Condon Connect 1 Connect 1 Co	Network Monitoring Network Alam Notifications Update Topology Expand All Collapse All Image: NAI - IP Site Connect 1 Image: Condon Image: SmartPTT Radioserver Image: Repeater 2 Image: UPS Image: Router

<u>Note:</u> This tab is available only if there is a license for monitoring. If you have it, make sure you have selected the **Active** check box in the <u>Monitoring</u> window.

To add elements of the network, select the network in the list. The supported network elements include: repeaters, routers, UPS and location. To add devices, open the context menu by right-clicking on the existing network. The context menu contains the following options:

- Add Repeater
- Add Device
- Add Location

To delete the created object, right-click on the object and then select **Remove Repeater**, **Remove Device** or **Remove Location** respectively.

Note: Radioservers are added automatically with the name Server.

Adding Repeater

To add a repeater, select the **Add Repeater** option in the context menu. At that, the window for setting up repeater parameters will open.

Settings	Rules Activity Client List	Network Configuration	Log	Export/Import Settings	Statistics
	IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems NAI - IP Site Connect 1 London Smart PTT Radiose	Repeater General Alarm N Radio ID Name en Description	otification	ns 2 💽 Repeater 2	
		SNMP Parame	ters		
		Community	C	Community1	

ID – unique identifier of the repeater.

Name – any random name of the repeater. The name will be used in the **Topology** tab in SmartPTT Dispatcher. If the name is not set, the name from the repeater codeplug will be displayed.

Description – random description of the repeater.

SNMP Parameters – here you can set up the community name, which is used as a password for the external SNMP client to connect to the repeater.

In the **Alarm Notifications** tab you can set up automatic notification of alarms or errors occurred in the repeater. You can have the notifications sent to your email address, to your cell phone, to an SNMP client or to radio subscribers.

Adding UPS and Routers

The supported devices include a router and an uninterruptible power supply (UPS). To add a device, select the **Add Device** option in the context menu. At that, the following window will open.

Settings Rules Activity Client List N	etwork Configuration Log	Export/Import Settings Statistics
Settings Rules Activity Client List N IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems Connect Plus Radio Activity Networks NAI Systems NAI Systems NAI - IP Site Connect 1 Connect Plus NAI Systems NAI - IP Site Connect 1 Connect Plus Repeater 2 VP Repeater 2 Router	etwork Configuration Log Device General Alarm Notification Type Name Description Interface IP-address	Export/Import Settings Statistics 1s
	SNMP Version Community Response Timeout, s Polling Interval, s External Community	V1 Community2900 3 30 Ext_Community2900 Check Connection

Type – device type. There are the following devices to choose from:

- Cisco2900 (router)
- Eaton9130 (UPS)
- UPS ATS-Convers
- Unknown (for devices other than Cisco2900, Eaton9130 and UPS ATS-Convers)

Name – random name of the device which is displayed in **Topology** in SmartPTT Dispatcher.

Description – random description of the device.

Interface - the radioserver IP address used for interacting with the device.

IP address – device IP address.

SNMP version – version of SNMP protocol used in the system. There are two options: versions 1 and 2 (V1 and V2).

Community – community name, which is used as password to locally connect to the device over SNMP protocol.

Response Timeout, sec – time during which the server expects a response from the device. The maximum value is *10* sec.

Polling Interval, sec – time period at the end of which the radioserver sends a request to the device. The default value is *30* sec.

External Community – special community name which is used as password to connect to the device via external SNMP client.

Check Connection – checks if there is a connection to the device. At clicking the button a new window with the information on the connection status opens.

To set up the automatic alarm notifications from the device, go to the Alarm Notifications tab.

Adding Location

If there are many repeaters and devices, they can be grouped by location. In LCP systems a location represents a site (you can define **Site ID**). In Connect Plus systems a location can be used for added XRC controller. To add a location, select the **Add Location** option in the context menu. At that, the following window will open.

Settings Rules Activity Client List Netw	ork Configuration	Log Export/Import Settings Statistics
IP Site Connect Networks Capacity Plus Systems	Location	
Connect Plus	Name	London
NAI Systems	Description	
Condon Condon SmartPTT Radioserver Proventer 2		
UPS	Initial State	Unfold

Name – any random name of the location. The name is displayed in the **Topology** tab in SmartPTT Dispatcher. **Description** – random description of the location which is displayed in the **Topology** tab in SmartPTT Dispatcher when hovering the mouse pointer over the object. **Initial State** – defines how the location object is to be displayed in the **Topology** tab in SmartPTT Dispatcher. If the check box is selected, all the devices and repeaters allocated to the location will be displayed by default. If the check box is not selected, the devices won't be seen inside the location by default. In this case, to see the devices, you will need to click on the location object in the **Topology** tab.

To add or remove a device or repeater from the location, simply drag it to another place.

<u>Note:</u> When deleting a location with devices and repeaters allocated to it, all the devices will be deleted together with the location.

You can upload the network elements, instead of adding them manually. To do it, click **Update Topology**. At that, a pop-up window will open and the update process will start:

🖳 Topol	logy Upd	ate		
		Updating: 2/3		Stop
Changes		Remove missir	ng peers	Update names
Site	Peer ID	Change Type		
0	5	SmartPTT added		Cancel
0	1002	Name change Repeater Tomsk 1->Repeater 1		Cancel
			Cancel A	NI OK

Stop – interrupts the ongoing update process. All the changes that were made prior interruption—these you can see in the **Changes** table—will be applied after clicking **OK**.

Remove missing peers – checks if there are any missing peers to exclude them from network topology.

Update names – replaces names of repeaters by those defined in CPS.

The **Changes** table shows all the changes made during the update process. You can discard changes by clicking **Cancel**. To discard all changes, click **Cancel All**. To apply the changes, click **OK**.

Alarm Notifications

SmartPTT can notify radio and telephone subscribers, and other users about errors or other malfunctions occurred on devices used in the system. To set up automatic alarm notifications, click **Alarm Notifications** in the **Network Monitoring** window:



Select all the alarms you want to be notified about. Then create the list of notifications receivers. To do it, click **Add**. There are several types of receivers: individual radio subscribers, talkgroups, telephone subscribers, email users, SNMP clients.

The alarm notifications set in the **Network Monitoring** tab are applied to all elements of the radio network, but you can change them for each element of the network.

2.9 Log

The **Log** tab was designed to give information about the radio service system events. Mostly it is used for debugging purposes.

To see the log of the radio service, open the Log tab.



2.10 Export/Import Settings

SmartPTT Radioserver allows exporting configuration settings and database from one radioserver and importing them into another. Thus, the process of setting up new radioserver(s) with similar configuration settings becomes much easier and quicker.

How to Export or Import Settings

To export or import the radioserver settings or/and the database, click Export/Import Settings.

	Export/Import Settings	
Evport		
Save Export File As:		
		Browse
Cattinga		Lionoo
Export Radioserver Database		
Export		
moot		
mport		
mport Choose File to Import:		
mport Choose File to Import:		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings		Browse
Import Choose File to Import: Settings		Browse
Import Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings Import Reep Server GUID		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings Keep Server GUID All		Browse
mport Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings		Browse
Import Choose File to Import: Settings Import Radioserver Database Override Settings Keep Server GUID All		Browse

<u>Note:</u> Before exporting or importing the radioserver configuration settings and the database, stop the server. Otherwise, the buttons **Browse**, **Export** and **Import** will be unavailable.

Exporting the Settings and/or the Database

To export the settings and/or the database of the radioserver, take the following steps:

- 1. Stop the radioserver.
- Select the file where you want the settings to be exported by entering the path to the file in the Save Export File As field or by clicking Browse.
- 3. Select **Export Radioserver Database** if you want the database to be exported too.
- 4. Click **Export**.

Note: You cannot export the radioserver database separately, i.e., without the settings.

Importing the Settings and/or the Database

To import the settings and/or the database to the radioserver, take the following steps:

- 1. Stop the radioserver.
- Select the file from where you want the settings to be imported by entering the path to the file in the Choose File to Import field or by clicking Browse.
- 3. Select Import Radioserver Database if you want the database to be imported too.
- 4. Select the import mode:
 - Keep Server GUID import mode when the server globally unique ID is left unchanged. After importing, there are two servers with same configuration settings, but different globally unique GUID's.
 - All import mode when all the server configuration settings, including the GUID, are replaced with the imported values. After importing, there are two servers with absolutely identical settings and GUID's.
- 5. Click Import.

<u>Note:</u> After importing the radioserver settings with the option to override all the existing settings (**AII**), it is important to delete one of the two servers to avoid GUID conflict.

2.11 Statistics

The Statistics tab was designed to give you information on:

- 1. The total number of events taking place on the radioserver.
- 2. Free space of the used databases.
- 3. The size of the folder with audio recordings.

To open the window click in the **Statistics** tab.

				Statistics	
ent	s				
egi	stration	244			
alls		981			
les	sages	61			
ele	metry	0			
lam	ns	0			
atat	Name	Current Size	Max Size		
•	Radio Server.mdf	2.3 Mb	Unlimited		
	RadioServer_log.LDF	576 Kb	2048.00 Gb		
udic	,				
Juio	,	00.4.1			